Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

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PATTISON ATTACKED!

Labor Leaders Publish Him as a Foe to Workingmen.

VETOED THE EDUCATIONAL BILL

He is Also Charged by Them With Helping to Form The Coal Trust Despite The Protests of Railroad Men.

WEIGHED AND FOUND WANTING

Washington, Oct. 7. — Not only is organized labor in Pennsylvania opposing the election of Robert E. Pattison, but laboring men all over the country appear to be keeping a very close eye on the outcome of the Pennsylvania campaign. The Knights of Labor in particular are fighting Ex-Governor Pattison by every means in their power.

The last issue of "The Journal," the official organ of the Knights of Labor, contained a page article from the pen of John W. Hayes, general secretary-treasurer of the order. It is a direct attack upon Ex-Governor Pattison for his hostility to laboring men and labor unions while he was governor before. The article goes on to prove that Mr. Pattison is an enemy to popular education as shown in his vetoing of the Compulsory Education Bill when he sat in the executive chair. Mr. Hayes in his article on Pattison's hostility to education says:

VETOED EDUCATIONAL BILL.

"The legislative committee of the organization (Knights of Labor) had this matter before it for consideration. A bill was prepared and introduced, juggled with for some time, and altered and amended, but finally passed both houses of the legislature. True it was not all that we desired; but it was a bill that, once a law could be amended from time to time until all that was desired in the way of a good law had been secured. In this, as in all former cases, Pattison was pleaded with to sign the bill as it came from the legislature. But in this he was obdurate. His interest in having children at the coal breakers instead of in the schoolroom was paramount and he vetoed the bill."

The general master workman of the Knights of Labor writing at this time on the action of Governor Pattison said:

"If Governor Pattison could have traveled through the state and loitered awhile by the road-side he might have heard the hiss of the serpent that is coiling itself around children of the poor and fastening its poisonous fangs upon the vitals of the commonwealth. Whether he knew it or not his action pleased those who would make the children of men hewers of wood and drawers of water until oblivion, which comes only through drink or death, which would ease the strain."

In an editorial in "The Journal of the Knights of Labor" the following appears:

WEIGHED AND FOUND WANTING.

"Ex-Governor Pattison is again a candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, and the question of his fitness, his honesty, and his friendship for the cause of the toiler is to be weighed and decided by the voters, and especially by those voters who are workingmen. When he was last a candidate for the same important office, he had the strong support of organized labor and was elected, and he failed us in our hour of need!

"He is the sponsor for the coal trust and was at its baptism, and he probably still favors it in the prolonged strike now proceeding.

"Every friend of labor and those who exist by the well doing of the toilers should be united in one phalanx against the coal combine. They are united to crush organized labor, and all who love fair play and fair pay must unite against them and those who side with them.

FAVORED THE COAL TRUST.

"Judging the present by the past, it is fair to assume that Pattison is a side partner of the coal combine, or, at all events, is favorable to it, as he was in 1891-2. He evidently favored the coal barons then, in spite of his oath to support the constitution of the state of Pennsylvania, which was nullified when the combine was organized, and the fact was officially called to his attention. He was furnished with evidence and maps showing that competition was being wiped out and the law, which was quoted, evaded and disobeyed.

"President Roosevelt said in an interview, published in the Philadelphia Record, Sept. 6, 1902, that 'There is a remedy' for the settlement of the great coal strike. This is doubtless true, for the president must be well informed on the legal and political aspect of the strike. What chance would there be to end a strike if Pattison was governor or one that might occur during his term of office? If the coal barons wanted to end it, Pattison would surely be on hand to obey their desires.

LABOR WOULD PLEAD IN VAIN.

"But labor might plead in vain, as it did on former occasions. His ear was deaf to the pleadings of labor and would be again. If a man cheats you once it is his fault; if he cheats you the second time, you are to blame for giving him the opportunity. Pattison has been tried and found to be an unfaithful friend. His face was turned from us when we asked his aid to do an act of justice. He has been weighed in the balance and found wanting. No workingman should give him a vote. Bury him under such an avalanche of ballots that his name will never be whispered again in either state or national politics."

The above is the severest arraignment by labor leaders of any candidate for governor of Pennsylvania in recent years, and is attracting general attention in every centre of organized labor in the country.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder N. E. Robb.

George W. Bowers et al to James B. Heickel, May 26, 1902, 2 acres 47 perches in Liberty twp, for $80.

Philipsburg Coal and Land Co. to Mary E. Vaughn, August 12, 1902, lot in Rush twp; for $150.

Henry Parsons to Henry M. Iddings, Sept. 30, 1902, tract of land in Union twp; for $1.00.

Jerome Spigelmyer et ux to Jennie M. Swanger, May 7, 1887, 1 lot in Milheim; for $600.

Bertie E. DeHass et al to Austin C. Harper, Sept. 2, 1902, 1 lot in Philipsburg; for $1,300.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co. to Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Co., Sept. 28, 1902, land in Snow Shoe twp; for $1.00.

George W. Hoover et al to Mrs. Emma V. Wells, January 21, 1901, lot in South Philipsburg; for $136.

Annie R. Feistel et baron to Frank Weber, October 1, 1902, lot in Philipsburg; for $2,500.

Lehigh Valley Coal Company to Thos. Babias, August 8, 1902, lot in Snow Shoe; for $50.

Philipsburg Coal and Land Co. to Mary E Twiggs, July 17, 1902, lot in Rush twp; for $50.

John G. Love et ux to W. F. Reeder, September 9, 1902, lot in Bellefonte; for $700.

William H. Derstine to Mary E. Derstine, October 1, 1902, house and lot in Bellefonte, for $1.00.

Jacob Gobble to Samuel C. Gobble, Nov. 25, 1899, 1 acre 44 perches in Walker twp; for $63.73.

Caroline W. Kessler et al to Samuel M. Hower, Sept. 17, 1902, lot in Philipsburg; for $340.

W. S. Harter et al to Alice R. Sheasly, Sept. 20, 1902, 1 lot in State College; for $2,800.

Isaac S. Frain, Trustee, to Samantha J. Gates et al, Sept. 30, 1902, 2 tracts in Marion twp; for $5,418.96.

Carrie Hall et baron to Bessie M. Coburn et al, Feb. 15, 1902, 1 lot in Spring twp; for $350.

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey:

John M. Garbrick	Bellefonte
Kate Walker	"
Stief Stachik	Clarence
Frances Safko	"
John Duke	"
Mary Boston	"
Thomas M. Cronover	Mosbannon
Carrie E. Lucas	"
Samuel S. Saxon	Benore
Ada M. Stere	Fleming
John C. Hildebrand	Pittsburg
Jennie V. Pence	Sandy Ridge
Edgar Pence	"
Emma S. Cartwright	"
Elmer C. Spencer	Pittsburg
Ida M. Anderson	Jamestown, N. Y.

—Hereafter all jurors summoned to attend United States court will receive $3.00 a day instead of $2.00 as heretofore. Jurors were generally unable to live on the $2.00 a day, and much fault was found in consequence.

—Uncle Sam is paying his debts these days. He knocked off $10,675,434 of his indebtedness during the short month of September.

D. A. R. CONFERENCE

Convened in Petrikin Hall Wednesday Afternoon.

BELLEFONTE FULL OF DAUGHTERS

Miss Susan Carpenter Frazer, State Regent to Preside at Sessions.

BRILLIANT ASSEMBLY LAST NIGHT

The annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution convened in Petrikin Hall Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock but owing to the lateness of the hour and going to press so early we are unable to publish any of the proceedings, next week however, will give a full account of all business transacted.

There are a large number of ladies in town to take part in the deliberations of the conference and there is no doubt but every session will be full of interest.

Petrikin Hall where the meetings will be held is tastely decorated the prevailing colors being white and blue, plants and flowers are there in profusion, and it is altogether an inviting looking place.

The personal of the visitors is away above the average, and we are proud to have them honor our town by holding this important meeting here.

We assure them of the freedom of Bellefonte and the best we have is at their service, we want them to remember their visit in our midst with nothing short of delight.

Mrs. Huey of Philadelphia who was expected to be present and enter a protest against the proceedings of the Conference has not yet arrived.

The following ladies who have come to Bellefonte to attend the conference of the Daughters of Revolution, registered at the Bush House Tuesday: Mrs. Abner Hoop, West Chester; Mrs. Enoch Stanford, Conshohocken; Mrs. A. H. Mylin, Lancaster; Miss Martha B. Clark, Norristown; Mrs. H. McInnis, Norristown; Miss M. H. McInnis, Norristown; Miss M. T. McInnis, Norristown; Mrs. P. Y. Eisenberg, Norristown; Mrs. John B. Lessig, Pottstown; Mrs. H. Brusstar, Birdsboro; Miss Caroline Pearson, Harrisburg; Miss M. H. Pearson, Harrisburg; Mrs. Henry C. Pennypacker, Phoenixville; Mrs. W. A. Heitshu, Lancaster; Mrs. Alfred G. Saeger, Allentown; Miss Josephine Lewis, Philadelphia; Mrs. Geo. N. Reynolds, Lancaster; Miss M. Louise Rohrer, Lancaster; Miss L. G. Armstrong, Lancaster; Miss L. Getz, Lancaster; Mrs. S. K. Eshleman, Lancaster; Mrs. J. H. Baumgardner, Lancaster; Mrs. Joseph T. Rothrock, West Chester; Miss M. S. Neide, Philadelphia.

The following ladies received at the reception in the Armory last night: Mrs. D. H. Hastings, Mrs. Isaac Mitchell, Miss Frazer, Mrs. Mellon, Mrs. Hoopes, Mrs. Harry Keller, Miss Crowell, Mrs. Stanford, Mrs. A. G. Curtin, Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder, Mrs. W. Fred Reynolds, Mrs. James A. Beaver.

Table Talk.

"Table Talk," Philadelphia, for October comes to our desk in much improved appearance, having a new and appropriate cover design. The contents, as usual, are helpful to bright housekeepers. If you want to know how to give an entertainment in your home, "Table Talk" gives you the means and table decorations, and other information desired. It is the most helpful to the housewife of all the magazines. It teaches the art of good cooking and of wise and economical living. Its information is reliable. A free copy of this magazine will be sent to any of our readers who will ask for it.

—Cheap property for sale in the Borough of Bellefonte, situate on the Southwest corner of Bishop and Spring streets, now occupied by William Dawson. Private bids will be received at his office and the highest bid will take the property. For further particulars inquire at the office of J. M. Keichline, Atty-at-Law. 8-2w

—Old Sol benignly smiled upon us Wednesday the first time for several days. We hope he will continue to favor us with his presence during the entire week, on account of the great number of ladies who are here in attendance upon the sessions of the conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

PANAMA is a country of dizzy values. Hats $100 and a second hand oanal $40,000,000.

A Former Bellefonter Who Has Distinguished Himself.

From the Stevens County *Reveille* published at Colville, Washington, we take the following article in reference to a native of Bellefonte.

"General and Mrs. Evan Miles, after an absence of over 30 years, arrived from their home in San Francisco, Cal., last Sunday, and will spend the summer season at the country home of Hon. Jacob Stitzel, two miles east of this city. Mrs. Miles is the daughter of Mr. Stitzel, and it was while General Miles was a captain, and a young man, commanding at Fort Colville, that he met and wed Miss Stitzel. Those were happy days. Fort Colville was the center of attractions and the only shelter for the few white inhabitants for many hundreds of miles around. Today the buildings at the fort have been razed to the ground, the military reservation abandoned to settlement, and only a wheatfield now marks the site of the once famous military post. Since the fort was abandoned in 1883, the city of Colville has sprung into active being, a new civilization predominates, and industrial and pastoral pursuits now occupy the field where military decipline once reigned. While these changes may bring a touch of sadness to the hearts of our distinguished visitors, we must not forget that our enjoyment of these conditions is made possible by the military pioneers, and General Miles is one of these. He has been identified as prominently as any other man with the early struggles of the people of the west, and to such as him we owe a debt of gratitude we cannot easily repay. Gen. Miles has figured in all of the Indian wars of the past 35 years, and was a prominent figure in the Cuban campaign."

The General Miles mentioned in the above article was born in Bellefonte in 1837. His mother died when he was quite young and he was then taken into the family of Abram S. Valentine and reared with his own children at Willowbank. In the early part of the civil war he received an appointment as Lieutenant in the regular army from Gen. Simon Cameron. He was distinguished at the battle of Santiago, where he commanded a brigade.

Always Full of News.

The Philadelphia Press has one of the strongest news services in the world. Special correspondents in all the capitals of Europe and the important cities of this country; exclusive correspondents in all the cities and towns within its circulation; exclusive privilege of using all news received by the New York World, the New York Tribune, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the Boston Journal and the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune; and the service of the Associated Press keep Philadelphia's Great Home Newspaper full of the latest reliable news every day. The Press at one cent daily is within the reach of all, and you can hardly afford to do without it.

Co B. Off for the Strike Region.

In response to the call of Gov. Stone for troops in the coal regions Company B, of the 5th Regiment left Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock on a special train for Tyrone where they joined the balance of the companies of the 5th Regiment and proceeded to the scene of the coal strike.

We could not learn their exact destination. They were in charge of Lieutenants P. F. Garbrick and S. D. Gettig, 1st and 2nd Lieutenants reepectively. Capt. Taylor was not with them but will join them in a few days.

Several hundred people were at the station to wish the boys God speed and a safe return.

Garman's Opera House Improved.

Garman's Opera House has been greatly improved a n now be considered first class in every respect. The stage has been changed to allow the largest scenery to be used, this was done by increasing the width eight feet. Additional dressing rooms have been added and other changes made so that now it compares with the best. And what is of greater interest is the fact that the character of the entertainments to be given this winter are of the finest.

Death of Frank R. Holt.

Frank R. Holt, of Roland, died Saturday evening in the hospital at Danville, of Typhoid fever. His remains passed throught Bellefonte Monday afternoon on the way to Roland where the funeral services were held and the interment took place Tuesday morning.

Deceased was born near Roland 57 years ago. He is survived by his wife and two children, namely, Mrs. John Hull of Zion, and Miss Carrie Holt, of Roland.

THE STRIKE SITUATION

The Entire National Guard to Take the Field.

THE REASONS FOR SO DOING

Gov. Stone Directs Major General Commanding Division What to Do in the Premises.

FIFTH REGIMENT AMONG THEM

HARRISBURG, October 7.—Governor Stone late Monday ordered out the entire division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania on duty in the anthracite coal regions. The soldiers will be in the field Wednesday. The order calling out the guard is as follows:

"Headquarters National Guard, Adjutant General's Office, Harrisburg, Pa., October 6:

"In certain portions of the counties of Luzerne, Schuylkill, Carbon, Lackawanna, Susquehanna, Northumberland and Columbia, tumults and riots frequently occur and mob law reigns; men who desire to work have been beaten and driven away and their families threatened; railway trains have been delayed, stoned and the tracks torn up. The civil authorities are unable to maintain order and have called upon the governor and commander in chief of the National Guard for troops. The situation grows more serious each day. The territory involved is so extensive that the troops now on duty is insufficient to prevent all disorder. The presence of the entire division National Guard of Pennsylvania is necessary in this case to maintain the public peace.

"The major general commanding will place the entire division on duty, distributing them in such localities as will render them most effective for preserving the public peace.

"As tumults, riots, mobs and disorder usually occur when men, attempt to work in and about the coal mines, he will see that all men who desire to work an their families have ample military protection. He will protect all trains and other property from unlawful interference, and will arrest all persons engaged in acts of violence and intimidation and hold them under guard until their release will not endanger the public peace, will see that threats, intimidations, assaults and all acts of violence cease at once. The public peace and good order will be preserved upon all occasions and throughout the several counties, and no interference whatever will be permitted with officers and men in the discharge of their duties under this order, The dignity and authority of the state must be maintained and her power to suppress all lawlessness within its borders, be asserted.

"By order of WILLIAM A. STONE, governor and commander-in-chief.

"THOMAS J. STEWART, adjutant general."

The formal order was given out at the executive mansion shortly before 11 o'clock Monday night by private Secretary Gerwig. Governor Stone called a conference of the general officers of the guard at which it was decided to place these troops in the field. Those present at the conference were Major General Miller, General Gobin, of the Third Brigade, General Schall, of the First brigade; Colonel Hulings, of the Sixteenth regiment, who represented General Wiley, of the Second brigade, who is in Kansas; Assistant, Adjutant General Elliott, and Assistant Quartermaster General Richardson. The canvass and other camp equippage will be shipped from the state arsenal and it is expected all the troops will be in the field within twenty-four hours.

The troops now in the field are the Fourth, Eighth, Ninth, Twelfth and Thirteenth regiments, of the Third brigade and the Governor's troops, Sheridan Troop and Second Philadelphia City Troop.

The troops which will be sent to reinforce those now on duty are the First regiment, Second regiment, Third regiment, Sixth regiment, battery A. First troop, Philadelphia City cavalry, who compose the First brigade.

Fifth regiment, Tenth regiment, Fourteenth regiment, Sixteenth regiment, Eighteenth regiment and battery B, who constitute the Second brigade.

Major General Miller will have his headquarters in this city for the present. He will be assisted by Colonels Elliott and Richardson. General Stewart expects to return to Washington to attend the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, as soon as all the troops are in the field.

SHORT AND PITHY.

It is singular, but a fact, that cold cash will burn a hole in your pocket.

Abe Miller has the distinction of having more bullet holes through his body, received during the Civil War then any old soldier in Centre County.

Henry Lowry will make one of the most accommodating, obliging and painstaking sheriff's Centre county ever had, and he is one of the common people.

President Baer of the Philadelphia and Reading R. R. and the gentleman who is standing in the way of ending the strike, is an open and avowed Democrat.

The reason there was not a larger exhibit of poultry at the Fair last week, is because the "Republican" is preparing a fine exhibit for November 5th. Look out for it.

We should vote for J. N. Schoonover. In the first place because he is worthy of our support, and in the second place he would make an able member of the House of Representatives.

A good balance, good wages, good times and good trade as against a deficit, low wages, hard times and a diminishing commerce, are the questions before the people.

Brother Meek finds fault with the campaign Dresser toothpicks. He calls them vulgar, etc., but we infinitely prefer the Republican toothpicks to the Democratic whiskey, which is so much in evidence just now in Bellefonte.

The Democrats last Wednesday completed their ticket by placing in nomination for Coroner Dr. H. S. Braucht. We advise the Doctor not to waste any sleep nor spend much money as Dr. Huff will fill that office for the next three years.

We wonder whether Robert "Everytime" Pattison devoted much of his speech in Pittsburg to the "empty dinner pail" question. That was the text he preached from, the last time he was a candidate. It does not suit the occasion now.

Robert "Everytime" Pattison and his coterie of rainbow chasers are still swinging around the circle traducing the fair name of Pennsylvania Voters who have any state pride will resent his imputations next November.

Let us assure the voters of Centre county that by voting for Earle C. Tuten for Register they will make no mistake. He is a poor boy it is true, while his opponent is rich, but in the mind of the voters this will hardly militate against him.

Within the last 24 years Robert "Everytime" Pattison was the chief-executive of Pennsylvania one-third of the time. Just twice as long as any other incumbent, and still we have yet to learn that Pennsylvania was benefited in the least degree by his two administrations.

Will friend Charley Kurtz please inform his correspondent "Penns Valley Voter" *that honest and truly* Mr. Quay is not a candidate for Senator this year; that it was two years ago he was elected, and he would have been defeated at that time, if it had not been for the votes he received from Democrats in the Legislature.

As for James B. Strohm, the man who causes so much croaking at the "Democrat" office, will say right here that Mr. Kurtz nor any other Democratic editor, can say one word reflecting upon Mr. Strohm's character as a man and citizen. This is what troubles them. They know he is a good man and eminently qualified to represent us at Harrisburg, hence they are afraid of him, and they have need to be.

Have you observed that Henry H. Hewitt wears a grand Army button. That indicates that when Uncle Sam needed men to save the honor of our flag, he was one of the men who responded. Mr. Rowe, his opponent, was too young to enter the army at that time but was plenty old enough and strong enough to have entered the Spanish-American War but his name does not appear upon the rolls.

In the 38th District Hon. J. K. P. Hall, the multi-millionaire, is the Democratic candidate for State Senator. In the 34 District Hon. A. E. Patton, a man of moderate wealth, is the Republican candidate for State Senator. In this district the Democrats are opposing the election of Mr. Patton on account of his wealth, and in the 38 District the Democrats are urging Mr. Hall's election because of his wealth. It makes a great difference whose ox is gored.

HER ANNIVERSARY

By A. C. ROWSEY

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When the door closed behind "him," she went over to the library table, pulled out a drawer, took from it a small calendar, sighed softly, then marked the last day of the month. She stared thoughtfully at the mark as she made it and turned back the months that had gone since the first of the year. It made her think of the year they were married. It was not many years ago. She laid the calendar aside and fished out another and another until that first year's lay in her hand. That made her sigh again, for on the dates in that first year's calendar there were no pencil marks to indicate the evening she had spent alone. That was before baby came, before he had become a little lion in the literary world. Society had not then taken him under culture, but now it had. He was going to be a big lion some day, he said. She wondered if he would regret marrying such a spiritless little lioness. She wept dismally.

He used to ask her—it seemed years ago now—to go out with him to be lionized. But there was the baby, so she had refused. But babies do not always need close attention. Nurse could well take care of her, but now he never asked.

She laid the little calendars face downward. With them out of sight she could pity him. It did seem hard to write all day with a thousand things to annoy him. He was entitled to his recreation—the recreation of listening to those who could appreciate his work. She felt her own inability to say bright things, and she hated the heroine and the hero. She wanted to choke them both at the end of the first chapter and reclaim "him" from the tangle of their two hundred odd page existence.

And tonight she was to be alone again. She went into the kitchen of the little flat and dismissed the girl. Then she brought the three-year-old into the library and sat before the fireplace with the child on her knee.

"Now we will finish the story of the fairy princess and the wicked giant," she said, turning over the leaves of the story book.

The child nodded vigorously.

"But the princess did not get hurt when she fell from the castle wall, Edith, you remember that?" the mother inquired.

"No, mamma, taus if she is hurt you'd ky," said the youngster.

"I cry? Why, Edith?"

"Taus you is the princess."

"Me? No, indeed, I am no princess, Edith." She sighed to think of other

SHE FLEW INTO HER ROOM AND OPENED OLD TRUNKS.

days when she was a queen, a tinseled one, true, in the first row. Five? Six? It did not seem so many years ago.

"Mamma, you is the princess, isn't you?" The little girl was on the verge of tears.

The new people in the flat across the hall were beginning to move about. The mother listened. The child sat with suspended forefinger. Presently they both heard some one playing. The fingers rippled up and down the keys, then struck up a march from a comic opera. The execution was not perfect, but the time was excellent. The mother's feet itched for movement. Then the music changed to a gavot, then to a skirt dance. Suddenly it stopped.

The mother sighed. For a moment she had been back in the old days. The swish of gauzy skirts was in her ears, the smeary makeup box stood before her eyes, and the old life and fun she had known from girlhood came back.

"If you ain't a princess, you're a fairy," argued the child tenaciously.

A fairy? Some people used to think so.

"Yes, I am a fairy. Do you want to see a fairy mamma, Edith?"

The child shouted with delight.

"All right. Sit here. Don't look around, and I'll go back to fairyland and see."

She flew into her dressing room, opened old trunks, pulled out old slippers and ballet finery.

The makeup box she handled tenderly. "From Ned" it was inscribed. Ned? She paused. What had ever become of him? They had quarreled, he drank so, and she had begged him to give it up. Then—well, she was too deadly respectable, he said.

She found the makeup paint hard to work, but in half an hour she crept softly into the library behind the child. Bending over the sleepy head, she clasped the wee hands and awoke the baby with a kiss.

"You my mamma?" The child turned half fearfully. "Is you my mamma?"

"Yes, dear, I am a fairy mamma now."

The player next door struck up a double shuffle. The little woman broke into the step with a toss of her head. It was ludicrous, of course. "He" would have thought her crazy, but the baby enjoyed it and watched her with dancing eyes, keeping tremulous time with its little feet. The mother danced on. The days of yore had come back. She was before the glaring lights. Presently she stopped, out of breath. In her ears rang the echo of the old time applause. She laughed hysterically and kissed the child. Tears rolled on the grease paint.

"You ain't my mamma. You's little girl fairy. My mamma's a great, big fairy," the child said. The little woman laughed again. She wished—no; if "he" was present he would not understand. He had changed so much since the days he used to hang around the stage door for her to appear.

The music in the adjoining flat trailed away into silence. Then a woman's voice, humming lightly, came across the hall, and again silence. They were closing the piano and turning out the parlor lights.

The mother stood like one transfixed in the center of the library. The laughter died on her lips. She looked down at her beruffled skirts, which had suddenly turned flimsy and tawdry. Then a hard, dry laugh rose in her throat. Yes, that was the way they all dropped from her, the illusions of her youth and her love.

The child lay on the great leather couch, blinking sleepily at her "fairy mamma." The long lashes drooped, and a happy smile crept round the baby mouth. She was in fairyland in truth. With a sob the mother flung herself beside the couch and clasped the dimpled hand in hers. This at least was her own, something real, something tangible and lasting, the blessed mother love.

And so "he" found them three hours later when he returned with the smiles of fair women still dazzling his eyes and their fairer words still ringing in his ears. He bent over her with a frown, but when he saw the tiny furrows which the tears had made through the grease paint his eyes softened. Then he walked to the table and picked up the calendars. His brow was puckered as he studied the queer pencil marks until he found the last one. Then he remembered the day. He turned abruptly toward the graceful figure crouched by the baby form, their two hands tightly clasped. A mist passed before his eyes, and when it was gone he no longer saw the fair, flattering faces of the ballroom. He was back at the stage door of the theater waiting for her.

She started suddenly and found herself in her husband's arms. He was smiling into her eyes the sort of smile that carried her back to that first year.

"What sort of a game is this, Bess?" he asked.

She flushed under the rouge and stammered:

"I was—the baby and I have been taking a trip to fairyland"—

"And the prince came along just in time to wake up the princess," he murmured, with a low laugh that made her think more and more of that first year. And when she looked into his eyes with a sudden impulse she flung her arms about his neck and whispered smilingly:

"I'm so glad I waited for the prince."

And he, looking across the table at the scattered calendars, understood.

Mitigating Circumstances.

"Are you aware of any mitigating circumstances in your case?" asked a magistrate of a negro convicted of stealing a coat.

"Yes, sah; lots ob 'em. Ef I had time, jedge, I could talk to you for a week on dat subject."

"If you know of any mitigating circumstance, please state it."

"Yes, sah; I'll tell you ob one right now, sah. How easy would it have been for me to bring my family inter disgrace and misery, sah. I jess remained single. I nebber married, sah. Anudder mitigatin' circumstance am"—

"Officer, remove the prisoner."

Knew Who to Blame.

In a city not subject to earthquakes there lived a family which had one of those domestics of the break everything they touch sort. Recently the town experienced a slight shock. Pictures were thrown down, crockery and furniture rattled about. In the midst of the tumult the mistress went to the head of the stairs and called out in a would be patient tone, "Mary Ann, what are you doing now?"

Each to His Own.

"I tell you," said the bachelor with the crusty way of thinking, "I don't believe in this business of henpecked husbands. I think a married man should exercise his will."

"So do I," agreed the woman with an alimony, "so long as he doesn't interfere with the married woman exercising her won't."—Baltimore News.

The Original Man.

Miss Wayning—To me there is nothing like originality. Nothing would give me greater pleasure than to meet an original man.

Mr. Hartless—If you had been born a little sooner, Miss Wayning, you would have experienced that pleasure in the society of Adam.—Richmond Dispatch.

He Told Her.

Teacher—Johnny Stokes, how many make a million?

Johnny—None few on dis earth, mum.

CAMPAIGN OPENS WITH ENTHUSIASM

Pennypacker on His Tour Speaks to Vast Crowds.

HE HAS A WORD FOR PATTISON

The Republican Candidate Shakes Hands With Thousands of Farmers and Addresses a Great Meeting of Workingmen—The State Appropriations to Charity Discussed.

Harrisburg, Sept. 22.—Judge Pennypacker and his company of spell-binders, including Senator Penrose and Ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith have just concluded their first week's tour of the campaign. Everywhere he has spoken, Judge Pennypacker has been greeted by great and enthusiastic audiences that listened with interest to his utterances.

The campaign was formally opened at Center Hall, Center county, on Tuesday of last week where the spellbinders addressed reveral thousand farmers. The occasion was the annual gathering of the Center County Grangers. The great auditorium was crowded and fully a thousand persons listened outside unable to gain admittance. George Dale, master of the Center Grange, called the meeting to order and introduced ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings as presiding officer.

Prior to the opening of the mass meeting in the auditorium Judge Pennypacker held a reception at which he shook hands with the farmers and their families who had assembled.

Ex-Governor Hastings in introducing Judge Pennypacker referred to the fact that there was never a war for our flag waged in this country that Judge Pennypacker's ancestors did not bear an honorable part.

The Republican candidate for governor spoke for over half an hour, and was followed by Senator Penrose and Ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith. It was well on towards evening, when the meeting, one of the largest ever held at Center Hall, adjourned.

THE LEAGUE OF CLUBS.

From Centre Hall the spell-binders went the following day to Lock Haven where an enthusiastic reception was tendered them. Then Judge Pennypacker and Senator Penrose went on to Erie where they attended the annual meeting of the State League of Republican Clubs. The convention was one of the most enthusiastic that has been held in years. The officers elected for the ensuing year were: Frederick W. Fleitz, of Scranton, president; John R. Wiggins, John S. Durham, William MacDonald and John McCleary, of Philadelphia; Robert H. Lindsay and S. A. J. Burchfield, of Pittsburg; William I. Swope, of Clearfield, and James D. Hay, of Erie, vice presidents; John Kelly, of Philadelphia, and George Llewellyn, of Luzerne, were elected secretaries; Jere. H. Shaw, treasurer, and John D. Long, of the Harry R. Wildey Club, of Philadelphia, assistant secretary.

On Wednesday night Judge Pennypacker addressed an audience that packed the Erie Opera House. He was received with great enthusiasm by the club men present and the hundreds of citizens of Erie who gathered to hear him. Judge Pennypacker in his address replied to some of Ex-Governor Pattison's criticisms of state affairs as follows:

A WORD TO PATTISON.

"Instead of discussing these matters (the continuation of prosperity, and the danger of tariff revision), which are of vital interest to us all and affect the life and home of every man in Pennsylvania perhaps more closely than those of other American states, he (Ex-Governor Pattison) indulges in a wail, a diatribe, a denunciation of the state which he proposes to govern, and its people. Standing upon a platform which declares that this is a disgraced state, he does not hesitate to accept its mendacities; and, in appealing to the forlorn, the unhappy and the discontented he hopes to win your favor and esteem. Without discrimination, and, discovering nothing which is worthy of commendation, he withers and condemns alike all our local and state legislative bodies.

"'Facts,' he says, 'might be cited in connection with the appropriation bills almost beyond belief.' He adds that the very best members are powerless unless they 'consent in violence of their consciences to arrangements and deals which corrupt men who are nothing less than public pirates.'

"This is a charge which, as you see, affects the whole legislature—not only the wicked members, but the 'very best,' all of which enter into these corrupt deals in order to secure appropriations. It affects further, as I shall show you, the governor as well. More than that, it is a reflection upon the officers and managers of the hundreds of charities all over the state, who must be cognizant of and enter into the deals, for it is impossible that the appropriations made to them should be reduced without their knowledge and assent.

ARE THESE MEN THIEVES?

"It has been my duty as one of the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, and further as a member of the Valley Forge Commission, to appear before the committee of the legislature for a number of years to ask for appropriations in behalf of that time-honored institution of learning—the University, and its hospital, and in behalf of the commission for its historic purposes. None of the moneys received by us was diminished by the necessities of such deals. It was my fortune to meet there Judge Hanna, president of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia, representing the Homeopathic Hospital, and many other persons of like standing engaged in similar errands, and I cannot believe they any more than myself participated in such performances. I am bound to believe that the vivid imagination of the gentleman has run riot and escaped its bounds.

"But under the constitution of Pennsylvania the governor of the state has a decided control over the appropriations. He may at his sweet will reject any of them, and then they must be returned for consideration.

"During the last twenty years the gentleman has himself been governor for eight years, or for more than one-third of the whole period. Where is the record of an appropriation he rejected because it appeared that it was the result of a corrupt deal? Would not this have been the appropriate time to set the seal of condemnation upon iniquity and prevent its growth for the future? Or, if it appeared that under the regime of some prior governor moneys of the state appropriated to charities had through corrupt deals been diverted unto other hands, how does it occur that the attorney general was not instructed to bring suit for their recovery? And, generally, is it not fair to inquire whether if after his unusually long service things are in such a dreadful way it would be of any benefit to the community to elect him again? Would it not be wiser to endeavor to cure the manifold ills of the state in some other way? If there be any foundation for this accusation, and if there be any truth whatever in the stories about 'rake-offs,' which the sensational and worthless newspapers bespatter in huge headlines across their ugly faces, I give warning now that should I be elected governor the charity which enteres into such a deal to secure funds will get no appropriation if it be possible to prevent it."

GREAT PITTSBURG MEETING.

Continuing their journey a brief halt was made in New Castle at the home of Hon. W. M. Brown, candidate for lieutenant-governor. The coming of the distinguished visitors had not been announced, but despite this fact hundreds of citizens of New Castle gathered at Senator Brown's home to pay their respects.

On Friday night the candidates and spell-binders were in Pittsburg, where the largest meeting that has been known in a dozen years was held in Old City Hall. The building was packed to its capacity, the majority of those present being workingmen. All factions of the Republican party were present as a tribute of respect and enthusiasm to the party leaders. The speakers were Judge Pennypacker, Congressman Littlefield, of Maine; Senator Penrose, and ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith.

The present week will witness the opening of the city campaign in Philadelphia with an immense meeting at the Academy of Music, at which Judge Pennypacker will be the principal speaker. The remainder of the week will be taken up with a brief trip through the western part of the state. Beginning with next week the campaign tour of Judge Pennypacker and his company of spell-binders will commence in earnest and before it ends almost every county in the state will be visited. From the enthusiasm already manifested the campaign promises to be the most remarkable in the history of the state.

WE SHOULD STAND FIRM

Pennsylvania's Dury Today As Outlined By Hon. Charles Emory Smith.

The following is the speech, in part, of Hon. Charles Emory Smith delivered at Centre Hall, Centre county:

"Looking to the broader field of national affairs at stake are of such tremendous consequence that no Republican and indeed no patriotic citizen of any party ought to feel any doubt about his duty. Shall Pennsylvania uphold the national administration or shall we cripple and paralyze it? Shall we sustain the policies which have given us such national greatness and glory or shall we condemn and undertake to overthrow them? Shall we vote to continue the unparalleled prosperity which fills the country with content and happiness and growth, or shall we vote to overshadow it with doubt and to create distrust which will bring calamity? Who wants to go back to the business conditions which prevailed from 1893 to 1897?

PAINFUL OBJECT LESSONS.

"In deciding what path we ought to follow we don't have to guess. We know. We know in the light of experience which it would be madness to disregard. The object lessons of the past ten years blaze the way for every man who is not blind to the truth. In 1892 we were in the full tide of the greatest prosperity the country had ever enjoyed up to that period. I need not stop to picture the conditions. You all recall them. You all remember the business life and the industrial activity which then prevailed. Yet in a moment of madness and passion without realizing what they were doing, the people elected a Democratic congress and president and instantly the whole business sky was covered with clouds. The mere election of a Democratic congress and president created uncertainty, halted enterprise, impaired credit, checked the wheels of industry and spread distrust everywhere. If this was the effect simply of the election and the fears it created, the results were aggravated when the fruits were fully realized.

DEMOCRATIC HARD TIMES.

"When the Democratic party came into power it overthrew the Republican policies which had given national security, confidence and progress, and paralyzed business like the blight of an autumn frost. For four years the country suffered a stagnation and depression which caused wide spread distress. Hundreds of mills were stopped or ran on half time. Three millions of workingmen were out of employment. You could not altogether stop production in this great country but it was so checked as to cause a period of hard times. If you have forgotten those conditions which existed only six years ago you may make the mistake of voting to return to them. But no man who remembers them in contrast with the magnificent prosperity of the last six years can vote to run any risk of changing back to the situation from 1893 to 1897 without displaying a recklessness which is incomprehensible."

PROSPERITY AND REPUBLICANISM.

"In 1896 the people voted to get out of the slough of despondency by electing Wm. McKinley president. As the election of 1892 had been the turning point from prosperity to disaster, so the election of 1896 was the turning point from gloom and depression to a new era of prosperity and advancement beyond anything the world has ever seen.

"Never before has this country stood on such heights of prosperity and greatness and every step in this magnificent progress has been taken with the opposition or the criticism of the Democratic party. In the light of this experience shall Pennsylvania falter in her Republicanism or pronounce a verdict which would weaken the national administration in carrying forward the great work to which it is devoted?"

SENATOR PENROSE'S SPEECH

What the Great Republican Party Has Done For the Farmer.

United States Senator Penrose was one of the speakers at the opening of the campaign at Centre Hall, Centre county. Judge Pennypacker and Hon. Charles Emory Smith were the others. Senator Penrose spoke as follows:

"When William McKinley was first elected president of the United States the Republican party promised to restore to the country that prosperity which had existed under the Harrison administration, and which had been so rudely and disastrously interrupted under President Cleveland, but no one could have imagined at the time that this pledge would have been carried out upon a scale incredibly larger than the wildest promise.

"The prosperity of the American people under the Republican administration of the last six years, in the rapidity and unparalleled greatness of our industrial, commercial and agricultural development, has surpassed the imagination of anyone and is unequaled in the history of the world; and not only does this prosperity exist, but it is rapidly increasing. We have every assurance and reason to hope that if the political and governmental policies of the country are not disturbed our country will in a few years have attained an extraordinary growth in wealth, population and power.

Only one thing can check this splendid progress, and that is a change in these governmental policies under which we can point to these splendid achievements. No party of our community has benefitted more than have the agricultural classes. The farmer has in the last five years received a greater share of prosperity than any other representative of any other occupation. The value of the wheat, corn and oat crops in 1901 was nearly double that of 1896, the last year of the Cleveland administration. This is a startling statement, but it is based upon official figures, which cannot be disputed. The farmer in 1901 received nearly double the amount of money for these three crops that he did in 1896, the last year of the Cleveland administration.

"This increase of farm values under Republican administration is not accidental. It is a matter of history that rural prosperity and Republican rule are coincident. It is equally a matter of history that agricultural depression and mortgage foreclosures and low prices for farm products accompany Democratic administration of national affairs.

THE FARMER A PIONEER.

"The American farmer has been the pioneer in establishing our Republic, which, notwithstanding all its defects, is the best government the world has ever known. Wherever, courage, skill, enterprise and labor have been required the farmer has been foremost in the fray. While other classes have been persistently demanding legislation to promote their own interests, the farmer has been foremost in directing legislation, not only in the interests of agriculture, but for the promotion of the well-being of all our people.

"For example, in the creation of the Department of Agriculture, which has become one of the most important divisions of our national government, provision has been made not only for searching every country of the world for a market for the farmer's products, but provision has also been made for increasing the productiveness of American soil by systematic experiment and by applying the principles of science to agriculture, and so the wealth, prosperity and happiness of all our people have been enhanced, for whatever benefits the agriculture of any country must prove a benefit to all her people.

"The farmers and the Grange in Pennsylvania have been foremost in securing legislation for the promotion and protection of the agricultural interests of our state, and, by the creation of the State Department of Agriculture, patterned after the national department, the farmer is given representation in the governor's cabinet, a privilege that is not accorded to any other class or industry in the commonwealth.

"When the farmers and the Grange demanded legislation creating this department the Republican party promptly took the matter up, and in less than six weeks enacted it into a law.

"The organization of any new department of government is always attended with more or less difficulty. Until some settled policy is reached, methods which may not always prove the best must be tried, and oft-times the best friends of a measure may for a while suffer disappointment.

IMPORTANCE OF AGRICULTURE.

"There is no interest of greater importance to our country than that of agriculture. It is the fundamental business of our country; the leading commercial interest and the most important home industry. And not only are the people of the United States interested in American agriculture, but the whole world, because America is the granary of the world. Three-fourth of our entire exports are agricultural products. Thirty-seven millions of people of our country are engaged in agriculture. Yet, notwithstanding all the importance of agriculture to the prosperity of our institutions and our government, little protection is afforded to the farmer as compared with other classes. This is not so much owing to a disposition on the part of other classes or our legislative councils to discriminate against the farmer as it is the result of the growth and development of the resources of our country in transportation and transmission companies, mining, manufacturing, banking and merchandising.

"The farmers have been the pioneers of every country in the world. Before governments, cities and towns could exist the lands had to be denuded of their forests and brought under cultivation to make the development of other industries possible and in the rapid growth of our country, naturally many inequalities have arisen, which for a time have placed greater hardships upon one class than upon another. The farmers being the pioneers of civilization, have naturally been the first to suffer from discriminating conditions. As, for instance, originally when the colony of Pennsylvania was founded which later, under the development of civilization, grew into a state with an organized government requiring revenues for the administration of public affairs, the tax burdens necessarily fell upon real estate, farms and homes, as there was nothing else to tax. But in course of time manufactories, commerce and transportation became necessary and banking institutions to financier them, and when individuality and enterprise no longer had the capacity to manage them it became necessary to create great corporations and financial institutions with centralized ability to control them.

TAX REVISION IS NECESSARY.

"Under these conditions it also became necessary to tax these new enterprises for the privilege and protection accorded them by the state. But so rapid has been their growth and so powerful their influence that the state has scarcely kept pace with them in adjusting its new revenue policy to meet these new requirements, and as a result the real estate, farmers and home owners, have been and are now paying a disproportionate share of the public burdens.

"In meeting these new conditions and in correcting these growing inequalities, the Republican party has been foremost. In 1866 it amended the tax laws so as to relieve real estate of taxation for the state government proper; and on the other hand imposed on personal and corporate property and licenses for business privileges the entire expenses of the state government.

"But it soon became apparent that imposing the entire expense of the state government upon these subjects of taxation would not correct these great inequalties.

"It was in 1891 when the Grange took up this subject before the public and so forcibly pressed it before the legislature, under what was known as the Taggart or Grange Tax bill, that the Republican party came to the rescue and passed a compromise bill, known as the Boyer act, whereby taxes on corporate property were sufficiently increased to enable the state to appropriate $5,000,000 to our public schools annually and to return to the counties three-fourth of the personal property tax, amounting to two millions three hundred thousand dollars, also to secure for the counties and townships the entire retail liquor licenses, amounting to three million five hundred thousand dollars more, thus making an annual saving to the local taxpayers of eleven million three hundred thousand dollars.

"By this legislation the Republican party has saved for the real estate, farm and home owners, in the past eleven years, one hundred and twenty-four million three hundred thousand dollars.

"But notwithstanding all this great progress secured by the Republican party, as demanded by the Grange and real estate owners, in equalizing taxes, between the different industries for the necessary support of the several divisions of government, there are still great and unjust discriminations between the personal, corporate and real estate property holders which the Republican party stands pledged to correct in the future as guaranteed by its action in the past."

ROOSEVELT'S EFFORTS

Fail to Settle the Long Drawn Out Coal Strike.

WILL NOT RECOGNIZE MITCHELL

Frightful Crash Occurs On Pennsy Down near Milton—Erie Express Collides With a Freight Train.

ENGINEER AND CONDUCTOR KILLED

WASHINGTON, October 4.—The coal strike conference adjourned shortly after 5 o'clock and it was announced that no settlement had been reached. There will be no further conference.

The conference broke up at fifteen minutes after 5 o'clock, While no public statement has yet been made it is known that no agreement was reached.

During the conference Mr. Mitchell offered to refer the settlement of the question involved to a committee to be appointed by the President. To this proposition the operators vehemently expressed their disapproval and said that they would not listen to any proposition of any character emanating from Mr. Mitchell.

They said, however, that any individual miner in any of the mining camps who had a grievance against the operator of that particular mine, might submit his grievance to the Judge of the distrtct court of that district and they would abide by the result. They would not, however, recognize Mitchell or the union in the matter,

During the conference a number of the operators mildly criticised the administration for not sending troops to the coal regions to protect non-union labor and said that they had no other proposition than the one stated, to make.

No other conference is looked for and the matter remains substantially as it was in the beginning, no concessions having been made by either party that were accepted by the other.

WILLIAMSPORT, Oct. 4.—A frightful collision occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad at about 1:45 Saturday morning near Milton by passenger train No. 9, known as Erie express, crashing into a freight train.

All the physicians in Milton were immediately summoned to render aid to the injured.

A relief train was at once ordered out from this city to carry a number of physicians and aids to the scene of the disaster. This train left about 3 o'clock this morning.

At 3.30 o'clock this (Saturday) morning it was learned from headquarters here that the collision occurred between 1.45 and 1.55 o'clock and was the result of Train No. 9 crashing into the rear of the freight.

Engineer Wheeland; of Harrisburg, of the passenger train, is missing and his fireman, Shaffer, of Harrisburg, was seriously injured. Conductor Stringer, of the freight train, was killed. The latter resides in Sunbury.

Conductor Eyre, in charge of the passenger train reported to the Superintendent here that as near as could be learned none of the passengers was seriously injured.

Both tracks were blocked by the wreckage.

Death of Herbert L. Aikey.

Herbert L. Aikey died at his home at Snow Shoe Intersection Thursday morning at 1 o'clock of asthma. He was the son of Lewis Aikey and was born in Nittany Valley, near Bellefonte, thirty years ago. Last Saturday was his birthday and his family gave a party in his honor at which there were eighty guests present. Although he had been ailing for sometime, yet his death at this time was sudden and unexpected.

He is survived by his father, Lewis Aikey, and one brother, Herman. He is also survived by his wife whose maiden name was Nora Ingram, and one son, Elmer.

The deceased was a sober and industrious young man, a member of the Evangelical church, and his death is a sad blow to his many friends and relatives.

The funeral took place Saturday morning at 10 o'clock from his late residence at Snow Shoe Intersection. Interment at Curtin's cemetery.

Republican Mass Meeting.

The Republicans held a meeting in the Court House Thursday night which was largely attended to hear their candidate, Judge Pennypacker, speak.

The meeting was called to order by George W. Rees and Col. Wilbur F. Reeder was elected president. After Judge Pennypacker's address, speeches were delivered by Senator W. M. Brown, candidate for Lieut. Governor, Hon. S. R. Dresser, candidate for Congress and Hon. James W. Latta, the present Secretary of Internal Affairs. The meeting was interesting and enthusiastic.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

JURORS FOR NOVEMBER COURT.

GRAND JURORS—4TH MONDAY NOV.

J. A. Guiswite, farmer.....Haines
Martin McLaughlin, clerk.....Snow Shoe
Wm. H. McCausland, agent...Philipsburg
Cyrus Bright, laborer..... Haines
J. J. Orndorf, gentleman.....Haines
Arch Lichtenthaler, clerk.....Philipsburg
C. E. Hassinger, lime burner.....Spring
Wm. Taylor, carpenter.....Rush
Josiah Rossman, farmer.....Gregg
W. M. Sweeney, laborer.....Potter
H. B. Wasson, teacher.....Patton
D. C. Ammerman, farmer.....Union
M. Kennelly, carpenter.....Gregg
D. I. Johnson, farmer.....Ferguson
J. F. Smith, merchant.....Centre Hall
Henry Smith, laborer.....Howard boro
Howard Simler, laborer.....Philipsburg
P. W. Young, clerk.....Worth
George Season, farmer.....Harris
Wallace Matley, engineer.....Philipsburg
John Walton, coal operator.....Philipsburg
James Seibert, machinist..... Bellefonte
John Zeigler, laborer.....Miles
Wm. Raymond, laborer.....Harris

TRAVERSE JURORS—4TH MONDAY NOV.

John L. Knisely, glassmaker.....Bellefonte
Arthur Wert, farmer.....Haines
H. M. Krebs, coachmaker.....Ferguson
Joseph Garbrick, laborer.....Bellefonte
James Ross, Jr., farmer.....Harris
Nathaniel Bierly, justice.....Boggs
A. Witherite, farmer.....Boggs
Nathan Dale, agent.....Spring
J. B. Rishel, merchant.....Gregg
Adam Ertle, farmer.....Gregg
George Houck, huckster.....Philipsburg
J. P. Eavee, farmer.....Half Moon
Robert Kreamer, laborer.....Milesburg
Howard Goss, farmer.....Ferguson
Samuel Everhart, farmer.....College
James H. Harris, tailor.....Bellefonte
S. Sykes, mine boss.....Philipsburg
Emanuel Musser, gentleman.....Harris
Jonathan E. Miller, miller.....Bellefonte
Augustus Witherite, farmer.....Union
W. C. Smeltzer, teacher.....Spring
J. H. Meyer, farmer.....Harris
Edward Williams, teacher.....Harris
Samuel Kline, justice.....Howard boro
C. E. Bartges, laborer.....Gregg
Thomas Boal, farmer.....Benner
J. Weaver, farmer.....Walker
David Keller, teacher.....Potter
J. Grossman, farmer.....Potter
J. L. Armstrong, gentleman.....Potter
Jacob Heverly, laborer.....Rush
S. Spangler, laborer.....Liberty
S. Shoof, laborer.....Centre Hall
A. C. Williams, farmer.....Huston
G. F. Musser, agent.....Bellefonte
H. W. Morris, teacher.....Miles
D. W. Clark, blacksmith, ...Liberty
A. Johnstonbaugh, Jr., farmer.....Bogge
J. P. Sebring, farmer.....Half Moon
I. Woodle, laborer.....Rush
W. Kellerman, teacher.....Patton
Robert Custer, engineer.....Philipsburg
A. C. Moyer, book-keeper.....Rush
James Weaver, blacksmith.....Haines
Fred Kreamer, farmer.....Benner
J. B. Mayes, marble cutter.....College
J. F. Heckman, gentleman.....Gregg
W. C. Martin, farmer .....Spring
C. Mensch, printer.....Bellefonte
H. V. Hile, plasterer.....Spring
M. Heaton, farmer.....Boggs
J. Glossner, laborer .....Liberty
D. Spetler, shop keeper.....Rush
M. J. Henderson, farmer.....Taylor
Budd Thompson, farmer.....Huston
W. Robinson, laborer.....Worth

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST MONDAY DEC.

L. G. Done, plasterer.....Philipsburg
J. F. Hosterman, farmer.....Gregg
W. Grenoble, gentleman .....Spring
J. Alters, laborer.....Millheim
J. E. Harter, merchant.....Penn
Peter Robb, Jr., farmer.....Curtin
T. Decker, sawyer.....Gregg
S. Pletcher, carpenter.....Howard boro
J. A. Hazel, carpenter.....Spring
A. A. Pletcher, teacher.....Walker
M. B. Hysong, clerk.....Philipsburg
J. W. Rightnour, gentleman.....Bellefonte
A. M. Kerstetter, carpenter.....Spring
J. W. Rachau, farmer.....Gregg
C. W. Atherton, lumberman...Philipsburg
T. Vonada, laborer.....Haine
R. Adams, watchman.....Philipsburg
F. Craig, farmer.....Huston
H. Hurly, clerk.....Snow Shoe
L. L. Brown, sup't.....Rush
O. Homan, farmer.....Potter
J. Resides, teamster.....Rush
W. H. Hackman, blacksmith.....Miles
B. Limbert, farmer.....Gregg
J. Gowland, mfg.....Philipsburg
E. Mingle, huckster.....Haines
B. H. Arney, farmer.....Potter
J. Weaver, farmer.....Haines
W. Neiman, farmer.....Boggs
J. Wagner, farmer.....Potter
E. Keller, farmer.....Spring
W. E. Kessinger, farmer.....Walker
H. B. Hering, surveyor.....Gregg
J. J. Spangler, teacher.....Potter
J. Bilger, vet. surgeon.....Spring
A. Weibly, laborer.....State College
H. Hale, gentleman.....Huston
Holloway Hoy, farmer.....Walker
Joseph Packer, laborer.....Howard twp
D. F. Strobecker, agent.....Miles

Messrs Fred Syple and Robert Munson, of Williamsport were the two efficient police on the race track at the Fair grounds, Mr. Munson being at the "Quarter Stretch" had his hands full in trying to keep the enthusiastic crowd back, but he did the work and did it well.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Each of the chief organs of the body is a link in the chain of life. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link, the body no stronger than its weakest organ. If there is weakness of heart or lungs, liver or kidneys, there is a weak link in the chain of life which may snap at any time. Often this so-called "weakness" is caused by lack of nutrition, the result of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. Diseases of the stomach and its allied organs are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When the diseased stomach is cured, diseases of other organs which seem remote from the stomach but which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, are cured also.

"I was in poor health when I commenced taking Doctor Pierce's medicines," writes Mr. Elmer Lawler, of Volga, Jefferson Co., Ind. "I had stomach, kidney, heart, and lung troubles. Was not able to do any work. I had a severe cough and hemorrhage of the lungs, but after using your medicine a while I commenced to gain in strength and flesh, and stopped coughing right away. Took about six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I feel like a different person. I gladly recommend your medicine to all sufferers, for I know it cured me."

The use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure that foul breath.

THE RIOT AT PORT MATILDA.

Gypsies and a Constable Engage in a Free-for-All Fight.

Port Matilda was thrown into a state of excitement bordering almost on a panic Friday. The facts are about as follows: It seems that a band of gypsies have been encamped in and around Philipsburg for several days. A day or two ago some of these people committed depredations in consequence of which a warrant was sworn out and placed in the hands of Constable Ira Howe of Philipsburg, who with several deputies started in pursuit of the gypsies in the direction of Port Matilda. When the constable attempted to arrest one or two of the supposed criminals revolvers were brought into play and something like fifteen shots were exchanged between the officers and the gypsies. Only one man was hurt as the result of the shooting. George Steele, a farmer of Huston township was standing on the porch in front of a store watching the shooting when a stray shot struck him in the leg injuring him severely. He was taken to the hospital at Altoona where his wound was properly attended to. Sheriff Brungart was telegraphed to for aid. He and two deputies went to the scene of the trouble but the gypsies had fled. The sheriff and his two deputies reached Port Matilda about 1:30 p. m. Friday and immediately started in pursuit of the fugitives.

Three of the gypsies succeeded in reaching Milesburg where they hired a team and drove towards Howard, where they were arrested by Constable Roy Leathers, of that place, who brought them to Bellefonte Saturday and lodged them in jail. Their names are Dady Smull, of Maryland, Henry Burton and Joshua A. Smull, both of England.

At 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon Sheriff Brungart and his deputies returned having in their custody two men, three women and several children whom they captured about noon in the mountains between Tyrone and Philipsburg.

The Rain Causes Our Fair to Close.

This was to have been the last day of our great County Fair, and the fact had been advertised extensively, that owing to Wednesday being so wet as to prevent the races, the time would be extended until Saturday, in order to give the four days of the exposition.

Providence, however, decreed otherwise, verifying the old saying "The best laid plans of mice and men, Aft gang agiee" for the rain commenced falling Friday evening, and continued all night, and at this writing is still coming down in copious showers, thus dispelling all hopes for a great crowd and a fine time which they otherwise would have had.

If there are any persons who have cause for discouragement it is the promoters of our Fair, for during the three years since it was instituted, the weather has been against them, and to add to the trials and tribulations they have undergone they suffered from the flood last Spring which caused great damage to the grounds, and cost a large amount of money to repair.

Fortunately these gentlemen were not disheartened, and had everything repaired and put in better condition than ever in the hope that this year would be one yielding enough profit, to reinburse them for their outlay of money required to make good the damage caused by the freshet last February.

Thursday and Friday saw large crowds upon the grounds and but for the rain this would have been the best day financially, of the entire week.

We sympathize with our friends and hope they will, with their acknowledged pluck and enterprise, be willing to continue this great public benefit at least for another year.

AMONG COAL MINERS.

Rapid Traveling, the Fire Brick Industry, a Tragedy and Home Again.

Only a short time I tarried in Milesburg and then on to Snow Shoe Intersection, on Monday, the 29th ult. Above that place John Iddings became a subscriber. Then I pressed on toward Unionville where the gathering of Wm. P. Fisher's 5,000 bushels of apples seemed to be the most important industry Some place near there I encountered Robert Flick, who also subscribed. My most protracted and profitable stop was to converse with Riley Pratt, the well known and excellent citizen of Unionville, who wished me success. Then I pressed on, for my objective point was Philipsburg, and night found me safely and comfortably ensconced in the home of Harry E. Turner, about a mile and three quarters beyond Unionville.

Next morning the clouds were lowering and the universal opinion was that a rain was imminent. But I remembered that Holy Writ says, Ecclesiastes 11:4, "He that observeth the wind shall not sow and he that regardeth the clouds shall not reap," so I went on by way of what is known as the "Rattlesnake" route and drank from the "Rattlesnake" spring, but not a rattler did I see. There are stretches of six or seven miles there without a building of any description, but the walk was pleasant and the company agreeable and I got there before dinner. That is, I reached the home of Lincoln Elliott, where it is always my custom to stop for refreshments. This was from a half to a whole hour quicker than I ever walked that distance before and it would not require very complicated arithmetic to figure out that by the time I am 200 years old it can be accomplished easily in a couple of hours. There I waited and ate dinner and made "Link" a subscriber and started about 1 o'clock. There is another stretch of three miles without a house, but when the first dash of rain fell I was on the porch of the pretty residence of D. M. Bilger of Arctic Springs fame. The aged veteran, now past 83 years, is now much improved physically, he being much feebler last year. Arctic Springs is a lovely place, surpassing in natural beauty any other spot in Centre county. How fortunate, too, right here that Mr. Long, who lives near Philipsburg, drove along and also stopped, and after we three had discussed the coal strike and agreed in the hope that it would be speedily settled by the triumph of the striking miners I got in the buggy with Mr. Long and was soon at his home in "Windy City," which is only a mile from Philipsburg So, you see, I had opportunity to run around some before night, adding William Cowher and Andrew J. Nelson to the list. I also called on John Erb and P. B. Iddings, both of whom are the proprietors of restaurants. Mr. Iddings and family recently moved from Unionville to Philipsburg. Mrs. Iddings is still in distressingly poor health from the terrible experience of being thrown over the bank at the side of the road a couple of years ago, while driving at night with her husband between Bellefonte and Milesburg.

The Passmore house, a model hotel, with Mr. Woods, the prince of hotel men, in charge, kept me all the time I was in Philipsburg. The next day, Wednesday, though raining, I called on Capt. C. T. Fryberger, John Gowland, Wm. P. Duncan, Hon. P. E. Womelsdorf and Miles W. Morrison. Of these gentlemen I desire to mention particularly Mr. Gowland. On the 18th inst., he expects to be in Portland, Maine, where the grand assembly of the Knights of Malta will be in session, including all the Knights in the United States and Canada. It is an ancient, honorable and exclusive fraternity dating its origin way back to sometime in the 11th century, and Mr. Gowland, being Supreme Generalissimo, occupies the second office in the order. I shall not be surprised if after the Portland gathering he returns to Philipsburg with the highest possible laurels that the order can confer by being elevated to the highest place. W. D. Crosby, Esq., and Mary Ann Laback subscribed.

The lady last mentioned is the proprietress of a store over in Chester Hill. When she intimated to me that she wanted a Bellefonte paper chiefly to see the news of the license court I ventured to ask: "Do you intend to apply for a license?" She replied in the affirmative and further informed me that her present business is so profitable that she is able to give one half the profits to the church and to charity, also that her husband and sons are kind and dutiful. "Then, don't," I implored, "tempt Providence by applying for a license to sell anything stronger than water or milk." She seemed impressed; time and the license court will tell.

On Thursday morning I stopped at Sandy Ridge, it being my first visit to that place. The very first person whom I went to see was Lawrence L. Brown, who is the superintendent of the fire brick establishment at that place, of which Wm. P. Duncan is president. It employs a large number of men and is not in the trust, all the others through that region being in it Mr. Brown was cordial and pleasant and helped me in many ways. I had the pleasure of adding L. B. Calahan, William Hale, A. M. Black, Montgomery Smith, Charles Kearney and Martin Corigan to the list. In the evening I went to Tyrone and took up quarters at Al. Garman's excellent hotel.

Friday morning in Tyrone I visited several places, among them the business office of A. G. Morris, where I saw Mr. Campbell, his clerk, and Mr. Morris, who expressed a desire for the speedy termination of the coal strike. At the Tyrone station I saw my friend, George Steele, who resides back of Martha, and who was on his way to the Altoona hospital, accompanied by Merchant S. R. Pringle of Port Matilda. This is the tragedy referred to in the title, but as the regular news editor is describing it graphically I will only indulge the hope that Mr. Steele will soon recover from the wound.

NEWTON S. BAILEY.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Marts—Roush.

On Thursday evening Mr. Oscar G. Marts and Miss Annie Roush, both of Pine Grove Mills, drove to Lemont where they were married at the Presbyterian parsonage by Rev. Kepler of that place. After the ceremony they drove back to the home of the brides father, Wm. H. Roush, where a splendid wedding reception and supper was held.

The groom is the oldest son of Charles Marts, of Pine Grove Mills, and has been employed at the Burnham Steel Works at Lewistown. Mr. and Mrs. Roush expect to remain in Pine Grove Mills for the winter but in the spring will locate at DuBois.

Climax Brandy of Grape.

The superior vintage of 1878 Brandy, introduced by the Speer N. J. Wine Co., is highly spoken of by physicians, and used in preference to French Cognac by many of the best families and clubs who will have no other.

—You cannot flirt with folly and expect wisdom to be faithful to you.

—400 people were accommodated at the Bush House for dinner and supper on Thursday.

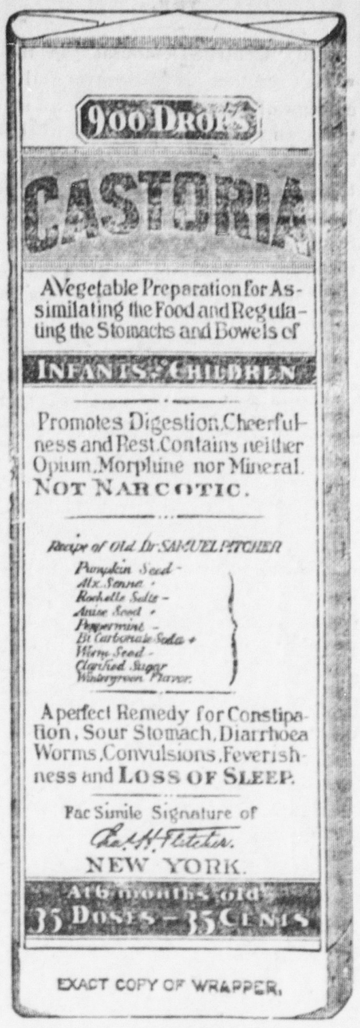
—God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb, this does not apply particularly to the Wall Street variety.

—It is dollars to mills that the gentlemen who seduced those aldermanic Virgins, in St. Louis, will get off scot free.

—Mr. William Larimer, manager of the Palace Livery, purchased from Mr. Boynes, of Altoona, "Toboggan" the great pacer whose time is 2:09¼. Bellefonte can now sport one of the fastest horses in this circuit.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gettig entertained a number of young ladies and gentlemen at their home on Thomas street in honor of Misses Mary Hartman, of Millheim, and Grace Stitzer, of Mifflinburg, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gettig this week.

—It is to be hoped that the congressional elections will return a House strongly republican or strongly democratic. An evenly divided chamber is bad for the country, for it encourages each party to pursue a vacillating policy, and is accompanied by a serious uncertainty of responsibility and enables each party to blame the other for all sins of commission or omission.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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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NEW YORK.
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BURGLARS AT STATE COLLEGE.

Post Office Entered and $2,000 Worth of Stamps and Fifty Dollars in Money Stolen.

Sometime Thursday night or Friday morning burglars broke into the post office at State College, blew open the safe with nitro-glycerine, stole fifty dollars in money and two thousand dollars worth of stamps. They gained an entrance through a window in the rear of the building.

The explosion made considerable noise and was heard by several parties who attributed it to College students who room in the same building, thinking they were up to some of their pranks.

When Postmaster John Stuart went to open up his office in the morning he was astonished to find the interior of the office a complete wreck. The big safe was blown to pieces and the debris scattered all over the room. An investigation showed the loss to be as above stated. Mr. Stuart at once telephoned the news to surrounding towns and notified the authorities at Washington.

There are no clues as to who the robbers were although four men acting in a suspicious manner were seen to board a hand car at Struble's station on the Bellefonte Central railroad. One of the men carried a satchel over his shoulder tied to a stick. They left the hand car at Hunter's Park and proceeded toward the Bald Eagle Valley on foot.

The authorities in the neighboring towns are on the lookout for the men and it is hoped they will be captured in a few days.

There are men who can succeed at anything. It is not a safe gamble that you are one of these, but the odds are in your favor that you can succeed at something. What is it?

Each country has its own brand of political iniquity: The anarchist would have all the brands mixed.

SOFT CORE

Like the running brook, the red blood that flows through the veins has to come from somewhere.

The springs of red blood are found in the soft core of the bones called the marrow and some say red blood also comes from the spleen. Healthy bone marrow and healthy spleen are full of fat.

Scott's Emulsion makes new blood by feeding the bone marrow and the spleen with the richest of all fats, the pure cod liver oil.

For pale school girls and invalids and for all whose blood is thin and pale, Scott's Emulsion is a pleasant and rich blood food. It not only feeds the blood-making organs but gives them strength to do their proper work.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

By JOHN C. MILLER.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

JOHN C. MILLER.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER,
of Philiadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
WILLIAM M. BROWN,
of New Castle.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS
ISAAC B. BROWN,
of Erie.

For Senator,
A. E. PATTON, Curwensville,
For Congress,
S. R. DRESSER, Bradford.

Republican County Ticket.

For Assembly,
J. N. SCHOONOVER, Philipsburg,
J. B. STROHM, Potter Twp.
For Sheriff,
HENRY LOWRY, Bellefonte.
For Register,
EARLE C. TUTEN, Bellefonte.
For Recorder,
HENRY H. HEWITT, Philipsburg.
For Treasurer,
PHILIP D. FOSTER, State College.
For Commissioners,
J. G. BAILEY, Ferguson Twp.
ABE V. MILLER, Spring Twp
For Auditors,
ARCHIBALD ALLISON, Gregg Twp.
H. P. PONTIUS, Bellefonte.
Coroner,
DR. S. M. HUFF, Milesburg.

EDITORIAL.

THE BELLEFONTE "REPUBLICAN FOR 25 CENTS.

In order to place the REPUBLICAN, during the coming campaign, in as many homes as possible, we have decided to make the following liberal offer. On receipt of 25 cents, we will mail the REPUBLICAN (weekly) to new subscribers, until after the election in November. As the campaign promises to be decidedly exciting and interesting, persons wishing to keep themselves informed on the political situation, should avail themselves of this generous offer. The REPUBLICAN intends taking a leading and decided stand during the campaign, and we promise interesting reading to its subscribers.

ROBERT E. PATTISON, the star "calamity croaker" passed through Bellefonte Wednesday enroute to Lock Haven, where he will explain why there are so many idle men, hungry women and children and empty dinner pails in that busy little city.

PHIL. FOSTER, our candidate for Treasurer, is circulating through the county making friends wherever he goes. Since it is too late to remedy the evil the Democrats have wakened up to the fact that they made a mistake in nominating Mr. Carlin, who will not receive the democratic vote of his own precinct.

How many Democrats within the last 24 years have voted for the Republican Candidate to occupy the gubernatorial chair? But now we have the strange spectacle of Robert "Everytime Pattison chasing through the State begging Republicans in every form imaginable to vote for him. He must take us for fools.

JOHN G. BAILEY of Ferguson Township, our candidate for Commissioner, is a man of fine judgment, and eminently qualified for the position he will fill after the November election. He is a farmer, and lives on his own farm, and is interested in everything affecting the farmer's affairs, and you will find when the vote is polled that the farmers have voted for him.

OUR CANDIDATE FOR STATE SENATOR.

The "Centre Democrat" in last week's edition devotes over half a column of valuable space in an attempt to prejudice the voters of this County, and to try and influence them to vote against Hon. A. E. Patton for State Senator; for why? Simply because by close application to business, combined with honesty and integrity he has accumulated a competence of this world's goods. As if to be rich is a crime. His argument will have no effect upon the thoughtful, intelligent voter, in fact it will have an influence just the reverse of what Mr. Kurtz intends.

It is no disgrace to be poor, but as we look around and see the golden opportunities that have been cast aside by many, who by indifference or lack of business acumen fail to embrace them, we cannot but admire and appreciate the good qualities of the man, who by keen foresight and knowledge, makes a success of life.

Mr. Kurtz can say nothing derogatory to our candidate. He knows that Mr. Patton is a man of unsullied reputation, who has the highest sense of honor. He is a business man and benevolent. He is admired and respected in the community that has known him from childhood, and is educated in a degree to fit him for the position for which he aspires. Of his opponent we can say nothing of a disparaging nature, nor would we if we could. We have refrained, thus far, from doing so and intend to maintain the position of opposing him on political grounds alone, which to our mind in sufficient, as it is principles, not men, we are advocating.

It comes with a bad grace for Mr. Kurtz to attack our candidate and attempt to prejudice the minds

of our people on the simple ground of his financial means. We will remind him that two years ago when Mr. Hall, the multi-millionaire, was a candidate for Congress in opposition to Hon. W. C. Arnold who was a poor man, he did not entertain the samesentiments. His paper was subsidized by Mr. Hall's money and its columns contained the most abusive attacks upon poor Mr. Arnold. A change has come "o'er the spirit of his dreams" and he now holds up his hands in holy horror at the thought that any one would have the temerity to be a candidate against the gentleman he is supporting. "Consistency, thou art a jewel!"

All that the Centre Democrat can publish will not effect Mr. Patton's vote in this county, and we intend giving him a majority sufficient to show the Centre Democrat that the Republicans will support their candidate, who is the peer in every respect of his opponent.

A Fact For Workingmen.

When the American machinist concludes that he would rather work for $1.46 per day, the wages paid machinists in Glasgow, than for $2.25 per day, the wages paid machinists in New York, he will cast his vote for Democracy and free-trade. We will grant he may pay a little more for some things under protection, but we contend that his advanced wage more than offsets it.—Kingston "Mercury."

An Amusing Proposition.

It is unnecessary to add to the proof of the unprecedented prosperity of the nation. It is conceded. The amusing feature of the Democratic demand that the Republican party, to which this prosperity is due, shall be turned out and the Democratic party, which brought on the nation the frightful distress of 1894-6, restored to power.—Philadelphia "Press."

Look at the Sheep!

The number of sheep in the United States has increased twenty millions since the repeal of the Wilson tariff. A protective tariff always did increase the wealth of the farmer.—Clinton (Mo.) "Republican."

THE WORKING MEN ARE FOR HON. S. R. DRESSER.

Hon. S. R. Dresser will receive an unprecedented vote for Congress judging by the interest manifested by the working men in our county. In speaking to a man employed at one of our furnaces who has been of Democratic proclivities, we ventur-

ed the observation that of course he would vote against Mr. Dresser and for Mr Hibner. He replied, "Not much," and said that he occasionally voted for Democrats because he was "brought up that way," but remarked that he was not fool enough to vote against his own interests, that the present condition of affairs were good enough for him, and that he was opposed to taking any chances by helping elect a Democratic Congress. He smiled when I told him that the Democrats expected to elect Mr. Hibner and said, that he did not know of a single iron worker at either furnace who would not vote for the Republican Congressman.

This is an indication of the sentiment in this county and from what we can learn it prevails over the entire district.

Hugo and the Poets.

"One day," said Turgeneff in his "Reminiscences," "we were discussing German poetry. Victor Hugo, who did not like others to monopolize the talk when he was by, interrupted me with a disquisition upon Goethe. 'His best work,' he remarked in an Olympian tone, 'is "Wallenstein."'

"'Pardon me, cher maitre, "Wallenstein" is not Goethe's, but Schiller's.'

"'No matter; I have read neither of these authors, but I understand their spirit better than those who know them by heart.'

"What could I reply?"

Cheerful Prospect.

Patient—Tell me candidly, doctor, do you think I'll pull through?

Doctor—Oh, you are bound to get well. You can't help yourself. The Medical Record shows that out of a hundred cases like yours one recovers invariably.

"That's a cheerful prospect."

"What more do you want? I've treated ninety-nine cases, and every one of them died. Why, man alive, you can't die if you try! There's no humbug about statistics!"

Sagacious Bird.

Mexico has a clever bird, called the melanarpes, which has discovered a use for the telegraph pole. At the foot of the post this bird makes a large hole, in which it rears its family. Somewhat higher up the post it makes an observatory, from which bored holes permit it to observe the horizon in every direction. Still higher this sagacious bird makes its storehouse, and thus the pole serves as its home, fortress and warehouse.

Instinct of the Mudfish.

The remarkable instinct of the mudfish to roll himself in a ball of mud when the dry season approaches is a wonderful provision of nature intended solely, it would seem, to prevent the extinction of the species. The most interesting fact about this fish is that it breathes my means of its gills when in its native element and by means of lungs during its voluntary imprisonment in the mud cocoon.

Changed View.

"He's dreadfully disagreeable and boorish."

"Tut, tut, my dear. He used to be, but he is no longer."

"How is that?"

IF Mr. Pattison is the great reformer that he pretends to be why does'nt he go south, say to South Carolina, Alabama, or Louisana, where they have nothing but Democratic governors. Those states certainly stand in need of reform as much as he trys to make us believe Pennsylvania does.

JUDGE PENNYPACKER and party will hold an afternoon meeting at Philipsburg today, and in the evening will hold a meeting at Clearfield.

A WORD TO WORKERS

Beneficient Results of the Republican Policy of Protection.

VOTE FOR PATTISON DANGEROUS

It Encourages Tariff-Smashers—European Labor Is Underpaid, While American Labor Fares Well—What a Distinguished Financier Says About the Conditions In Europe and Here.

Pennsylvania voters who contemplate giving their support to Robert E. Pattison, Democrat, should pause a moment before they decide on such a momentous slip. A vote for Pattison is a vote of lack of confidence in Republicanism. It strengthens the hands of the Democrats who seek to tear down our tariff policy, and ruin our present prosperity.

Particularly should the voter who has to depend on the toil of his hands for daily bread halt before he makes this mistake.

THE WAGES OF EUROPE.

Mr. James R. Keene, the well-known financier, who has just returned from an extended visit to Europe, says the condition of the laboring classes in Hungary, Austria and part of Germany is really pitiful. The rate of wages barely admits of existence, and when he saw the workmen in those countries he wondered what we would do without a tariff. "America is the paradise of earth," declared Mr. Keene. "Here is the greatest return offered to the man who has muscle and brain to market. Here is the place for the man of ambition to discover that energy and worth find their way to the top more suddenly than anywhere else on earth."

This statement of a man of large and careful observation should command the attention of American workingmen. The more intelligent of them of course know that labor is better rewarded in the United States than in any other country. They know that the wage worker has greater respect here than in any other land. But do they generally appreciate why this is so? Forty-five years ago labor in this country was in about the condition that labor is now in most of the countries of Europe.

THE CAUSE OF HARD TIMES.

It was not steady employed and it was poorly paid. In 1855 Horace Greeley wrote: "The cry of hard times reaches us from every part of the country. The making of roads is stopped, factories are closed and houses and ships are no longer being built. Factory hands, roadmakers, carpenters, bricklayers and laborers are idle, and paralysis is rapidly embracing every pursuit in the country. The cause of all this stoppage of circulation is to be found in the steady outflow of gold to pay foreign laborers for the cloth, the shoes, the iron and other things that could be produced by American labor, but which cannot be produced under our present revenue system."

TARIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY.

Then the country had a "Tariff for revenue only," which not only failed to yield sufficient revenue to meet the expenditures of the government, but kept the industries prostrated. In his message to congress in 1857 President Buchanan thus presented the situation: "With unsurpassed plenty in all the productions and all the elements of natural wealth our manufacturers have suspended, our public works are retarded, our private enterprises of different kinds are abandoned, and thousands of useful laborers are thrown out of employment and reduced to want. We have possessed all these elements of material wealth in rich abundance, and yet, notwithstanding all these advantages, our country, in its monetary interests, is in a deplorable condition." One of the severest panics the country ever experienced was in 1857 and it was particularly disastrous to labor. There were bread riots in New York and some other cities and destitution and suffering among the laboring classes was general.

A change came with the inauguration of the economic policy of the Republican party and it is needless to point out what has been accomplished under the operation of that policy for American industries and American labor. All intelligent men are familiar with it and it is this which the wage workers need to bear in mind when they are appealed to to strike down or seriously impair that policy. Labor conditions in the United States may not be in all cases what could be desired. Improvement in some respects is to be wished for. But on the whole American labor is vastly better off in every way than is labor in any other part of the world and this is one of the beneficent results of the policy which has made the United States first among the industrial nations.

First Analysis of Aerolites.

In 1796 a stone weighing fifty-six pounds was exhibited in London. It was said to have fallen from the sky in Yorkshire in the previous December, but this statement was received with great incredulity. At that time Sir Joseph Banks was president of the Royal society, and he noticed a strong resemblance between the Yorkshire stone and one sent to him from Siena, in Italy, which was said to have fallen from the sky. Two or three years later he received an account of a fall of stones near Benares, in Hindustan. A chemical analysis of the stones from all three sources proved them to be identical in composition, and incredulity as to their meteoric origin began to give way.—Notes and Queries.

CORRESPONDENCE

MILESBURG.

On Sunday morning Rev. Houck delivered his farewell sermon to a well filled church. His text was found in Numbers, 27th chapter, 16th and 17th verses. The occasion was the completion of the fourth year of his ministry to the Baptist congregation.

Bald Eagle Lodge, No. 410, I. O. O. F., held their installation services on Saturday night. The following elective and appointed officers were installed for the ensuing term, P. G. L. T. Eddy acting as installing officer, with his assistants grand marshal, P. G. R. H. Kreamer; grand warden, P. G. James McCullough; grand permanent secretary, P. G. J. D. Kanarr; grand recording secretary, P. G. Wm. T. Hall; grand treasurer, P. G. A. S. Smith

Noble Grand—Clayton Shope.
Vice Grand—John Glenn.
Per. Sec'y—George Taylor.
Rec. Sec'y—Samuel Campbell.
Treasurer—Wm. T. Fulton.
Trustee—L. T. Eddy.
Rep. to Grand Lodge—J. D. Kanarr.

Noble Grand's appointments:
Right Supporter—R. H. Kreamer.
Left Supporter—W. T. Hall.
Warden—J. D. Kanarr.
Conductor—James McKinley.
Outside Guardian—James McCullough.
Inside Guardian—Harry Austin.
Right S. S.—Joseph Anderson.
Left S. S.—John Barlet.
Chaplain—L. T. Eddy.

Vice Grand's appointments:
Right Supporter—Tobias Green.
Left Supporter—A. S. Smith.

The lodge begins this term with sixty-five members in good standing.

Lewis and Frank Kohlbecker returned to Pittsburg to their work in the glass works. They are glasscutters.

Henry Kohlbecker returned home from Philadelphia recently.

Mrs. Henry Little, of Minnesota, is visiting Mrs. Hannah Grove.

Mrs. Cascaden, of Lock Haven, is a guest of Mrs. Hannah Grove.

Joseph Rodgers, of Osceola, was a visitor to our burg on Monday.

Ira Proudfoot left Tuesday for DuBois where he has employment in the railroad shops.

Misses Stella Smith and Stonerode arrived home from Coraopolis Monday.

Mrs. James Thomas, of Berwick, is visiting friends in the burg.

The Ladies' Aid Society will hold a chicken and waffle supper on Saturday night in their room. All are invited to aid their cause, which is to help pay for the M. E. parsonage fence.

CENTRE HALL.

Centre Hall had a big scare last week.

The doctor placarded the home of Joseph Alters with a diphtheria sign, and on Friday a little child of Mr and Mrs. W. S. Slick died of membraneous croup, at the residence of Mrs. Slick parents at whose home she and her children were visiting. The board of health ordered both houses quarantined and placarded them diphtheria. Dr. Emerick who treated Mr. Alter's little boy, who died on Saturday following the day on which the other child died reported the disease membraneous croup also, so your readers will learn that there neither is, nor was any diphtheria in Centre Hall.

Mrs. W. S. Slick left for Johnstown on last Saturday the quarantine being lifted on Saturday morning

Potter township schools opened Sept. 22, with a good attendance, showing that the country people are appreciating the seven months term.

The empty houses are being gradually occupied, Austin Krape moved into one of W. A. Krise's and Wilbur Henney who returned lately from Pittsburg moved into the Jerry Miller house. Frank P. Geary, who lately became a benedict, rented D. A. Boozer's house and Mrs. Flory will, after her sale occupy the Shreffler home.

The Evaporating plant is running full time, and using up apples at a terrific rate.

Samuel Durst's new house at Earleystown was raised a few days ago.

OBITUARY.

Joseph Joy, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Slick of Johnstown, died of membraneous croup, Sept. 26, at the residence of Mrs. Slick's parents Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Krise, aged 2 years and 9 months. Mrs. Slick and her children came to Centre Hall to attend the Granger's picnic, and also visit her parents and sisters. On Thursday Sept. 25, observing that the little boy had a bad cold, although able to play with the other children, she called in Dr. Lee and while he was present the child was seized with croup spasms and despite the close attention of the doctor, continued to grow worse till death relieved it of its sufferings the next evening. The father was sent for but death had claimed his child before he arrived. It was a sad visit for the mother and the grandparents and what made it more so was the fact that the Board of Health quarantined the house, as they also did that of Mr. Joseph Alters whose little son Charlie died of the same disease, on Saturday morning, and would not allow any of the parents to attend the funeral.

HOWARD.

Mr. Henryl Sechrist, of Lock Haven, visited at the home of his sister, Mrs. George Williams, over Sunday.

Mrs. L. E. Hensyl is suffering from a very severe cold at this writing.

The Mission Band of the United Evangelical church rendered a strictly missionary program Sunday night. It proved to be a decided success. Considering the inclemency of the weather there was a very good crowd. A nice talk was given by the pastor, Rev. P. N. Bair, which brought a very desirable collection. All departed for their homes feeling it was good to have been there.

Some of the old Civil war veterans left for Washington, D. C., where they will attend the National Encampment.

Harvest Home exercises were held in the M. E. church on Sunday evening. People who were feeble and not able to come the distance from their homes, were conveyed by carriages, which made it very enjoyable. Music was rendered by competent persons and a good sermon was delivered by Rev. Hamlin.

The Grand Division, Sons of Temperance, which was organized a few weeks ago, held their weekly meeting in the M. E. church. The principal business was installation of officers.

Quite a number of our Howard people attended the fair last week, the largest number being there Thursday.

Quite an excitement prevailed in our town Saturday morning, when Constable Roy Leathers, with his posse, caught three men reported as belonging to a band of gypsies who have lately terrorized the towns of Tyrone and Philipsburg. One of the prisoners is said to have been the leader of the gang.

Miss Susan Pletcher and Miss Edna Reber, of this place, departed Monday for Williamsport, where the former will attend a Business college and the latter will resume her work in the millinery business.

Mrs. William Weber, whom we reported as being seriously ill last week, is much improved at this writing.

Mr. Logan Dearmet is agent for the Phoenix Accident Insurance company, which office Mr. Clare Goodman has heretofore filled.

Mr. Fulton, of Indiana, visited at the home of Mr. Thomas Bowes, near here.

A number of the men employed at the Jenkins Iron and Tool company are leaving to secure work elsewhere.

Mr. Harry Leathers and wife, of Curwensville, are visiting friends in this vicinity.

PINE GLENN.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Beates of Wilmington, Delaware are paying their annual visit to Mr. Beates' mother at this place. Mr. C. Y. Wagner, wife and children are also visitors at the Beates home.

Miss Blanche Daugherty is away on a visit to friends in Bellefonte and Pleasant Gap.

David Stewart and D. H. Michaels were appointed delegates to the Sub-district Epworth League convention to be held at Snow Shoe Oct. 8th and 9th.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Davis of Mill Hall arrived in Pine Glenn; Thursday afternoon. While here they were the guests of William Bowes and daughter. Mr. Bowes and Mrs. Davis drove to Snow Shoe on Sunday. Mr. Davis is a prospector and while here made a tour of the Beates land known as the "Horseshoe" in Clearfield Co. in search of coal and fire clay.

The boys returned from the fair Friday and Saturday. They report having a good time, but some of them came very near having to sleep on some body's door steps, for want of accommodation.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Heckendorn of Karthaus were pleasant callers in Pine Glenn on Sunday.

BEECH ITEMS.

Picking apples making cider and boiling apple butter is the principal occupation of our people at present.

A. N. Finkle, is erecting a large shed in front of his barn.

Chestnuts are very plentiful in this valley and are selling at 8 cents per quart.

James Forest and Miles Barger were at Sober last week putting a new roof on postmaster Aumans house.

Our esteemed friend John Hosterman is having much trouble at present one of his children is lying with scarlet fever and he with pneumonia. We hope for their speedy recovery.

John Hoover of this place will move to Colyer in the near future.

Mrs. Calvin Lingle of Brush Valley is visiting at Henry Lingles.

A number of the Juvenile population of our village have the whooping cough.

ADDITIONAL PERSONALS.

John Bullock transacted business at Port Matilda Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Flack, of Media, Pa., are visiting friends and relatives in this place.

E. A. Humpton, Democratic candidate for County Commissioner, was a Bellefonte visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Joseph Rorobaugh and Mrs. Thomas Furl, both of Beech Creek, are visiting friends in Bellefonte this week.

Mrs. Rose Sternberg Lyon departed Wednesday for her home in Philadelphia after a pleasant visit at the home of C. M. Bower.

Edward Burkett, of Detroit, Michigan, is visiting friends in Centre county. He spent Tuesday with A. Lukenbach and family of this place.

PARDON NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Pardons for the pardon of E. L. Irvin at the meeting of said Board on October 15th, 1902.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
r-2t Attorney.

—A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Acts promptly.

—The beard used to be regarded as a badge of wisdom, power and manhood; now it is looked upon as a common carrier of microbes.

—Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

FLAT FOOTED FOR FREE TRADE

The Party of Robert E. Pattison Declares Unequivocally In Favor of Unrestricted Foreign Competition.

The prosperity of Pennsylvania is due to Republican rule and not to Democratic mismanagement. The Democratic party in 1860 went out of power in this state and left a debt of $40,000,000 for the people to struggle with. Now Robert E. Pattison comes along and asks that that party be put again in power.

The Democratic party stands for free trade, the Republican party for protection. A vote for Pennypacker is a vote for the party of prosperity, a vote for Pattison is an encouragement to the tariff-smashers and free silver dreamers, of whom R. E. Pattison was one of the chief. If this is doubted, read the following from the Albany Journal:

In the preparation of the Democratic campaign text book at least, just issued by the Democratic congressional committee, Clevelandism has exercised the prevailing influence. For the first time there is made, for the Democratic party, a straightforward, unequivocal, emphatic declaration in favor of free trade. There is no talk about "tariff revision," "tariff reform" or "tariff for revenue only;" reciprocity is simply declared to be "a sham and a hum-bug," while of free trade it is said that it "would open our own markets to benefit our own country. It is asserted that "the greatest good to the greatest number requires that there be no barriers in trade in order that goods may be as cheap as possible and the cost of living be reduced to a minimum."

That "goods as cheap as possible" would mean wages as low as possible, that the opening of our markets to all the products of foreign cheap labor would mean destruction to our industries, and that the reduction of the cost of living to a minimum would result in depriving thousands of American workingmen of even the minimum required to defray the cost, are facts which the Democratic text books ignores; but which the American people have in their minds.

The Democratic congressional committee is entitled to such credit as is due for frankness. While it proposes the destruction of our prosperity which has developed under the Republican policy of protection for home industries, the pauperization of American labor, the ruin of American capital, the enrichment of foreign nations at the expense of the United States, the retrogression of this nation to the condition of a debtor nation, it states its proposition without circumlocution intended to befog the minds of the people as to the real purpose of the Democratic party. Free trade, complete abolition of the tariff, admission of all foreign products to free competition with American products—that is the proposition which is squarely set before the people of the United States.

American thought will instantly revert to the condition that was precipitated by the election of Mr. Cleveland in 1892, when nothing nearly so radical was proposed and when the tariff law soon thereafter enacted by the Democratic congress, the so-called Wilson law, was after all, though it made a reduction of the duty on many imports, as a whole a protective measure.

The Democratic declaration for free-trade, absolute free-trade, will make the question whether this country will uphold the policy that has made it prosperous or reject that policy and cast prosperity to the winds, the paramount issue in the congressional elections this fall and in the presidential contest two years hence. The American people made a terrible mistake in 1892; they will not repeat it in 1902 or in 1904.

ALL WRONG.

The Mistake is Made by Many Bellefonte Citizens.

Don't mistake the cause of backache.

To be cured you must know the cause.

It is wrong to imagine relief is cure.

Backache is kidney ache.

You must cure the kidneys.

A Bellefonte resident tells you how this can be done.

Mr. William Valence, East Lamb Street, night watchman, says: "For 2 years or more off and on, I had trouble with my back and pains in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys not acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made in Bellefonte by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. They stopped the annoyance from the kidneys and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

On Its Own Merits.

A young man who spent his summer vacation on a Maine farm says that new instances of the thrift and shrewdness of his landlady are constantly thrusting themselves upon his attention.

One day a wagon load of unexpected relatives descended on the farm, and the mistress was, as she afterward frankly said, "put to it" to provide enough food for dinner. She brought forward among other things an apple pie which seemed to the boarder far inferior to the pies she usually made. But when she served it she spoke of her reputation as a piemaker.

"They do say at the sociables that nobody's pies quite come up to mine," she remarked, with a beaming smile, "and apple pies are what you might call my specialty. I've often been asked for the recipe, but I tell 'em it's knack and judgment does it, not rule."

The pie disappeared, and then, when her guests were not as hungry as they had been, she brought forth a second pie, flaky of crust and luscious to the taste.

"Why, Aunt Mary," said the youngest of the party, a boy of twelve, "I think this pie's ever so much better than the other, and you haven't said a word about it!"

His aunt looked at him without so much as a twinkle in her eyes.

"This one will go down without praising, I reckon," she said gravely.

The Necessity of Mystery.

To be content in utter darkness and ignorance is indeed unmanly, and therefore we think that to love light and find knowledge must be always right. Yet (as in all matters before observed) wherever pride has any share in the work even knowledge and light may be ill pursued. Knowledge is good and light is good, yet man perished in seeking knowledge and the moths perish in seeking light, and if we who are crushed before the moth will not accept such mystery as is needful to us we shall perish in like manner. None but the proud will mourn over this, for we may always know more if we choose by working on, but the pleasure is, I think, to humble people in knowing that the journey is endless, the treasure inexhaustible.—"Lamps of Architecture," Ruskin.

Conversations.

"What's the matter, dear?"

"Nothing."

"Yes, there is."

"No—that is, nothing to you."

"Come; tell me."

"I was thinking couldn't you eat your breakfast once without reading the paper."

Anxious to Do Right.

The children had quarreled, and Willie had struck Tommie. Instead of returning the blow Tommie turned and ran down the hall.

"Where are you going, Tommie?" asked his mother.

"Kitchen," answered Tommie tersely.

"What for?"

"You said if anybody was mean to me to heap coals of fire on his head, and I'm goin' for the coals."—Chicago Post.

The Word Bible.

The word Bible furnishes a striking instance of a word's rise from very low to high estate. To the bulk of English speaking folk it now means the book of books. In Chaucer's day it meant any book whatever or scroll—to speak by the card lest equivocation undo us. Tracing the word Bible straight home, we find it as bublos, but another name for the papyrus reed of Egypt.—National Review.

A Series of Failures.

A coroner's jury in Ireland delivered the following verdict on the sudden death of a merchant who had recently failed in business:

"We, the jury, find from the new doctor's statement that the deceased came to his death from heart failure superinduced by business failure, which was caused by speculation failure, which was the result of failure to see far enough ahead."

Hear the Other Side.

Hear the other side. Don't believe too fully any man's version. His neighbor will come and search him out. Likewise, if people form a hasty judgment of you, wait patiently till they hear the other side. Probably they will not need to hear it from you. If so, it is a great saving to your self respect.

His Free Will Offering.

"What's that $5 kept out of my salary for?" demanded the employee of the state institution.

"That's your voluntary contribution for campaign purposes," blandly replied the superintendent.

"But it isn't a voluntary contribution. You've no right to hold it out on me. That wasn't in the bargain. I never heard anything about it before. It is a gouge, and I won't stand it!"

"But you have to pay it, you know, or lose your job. Does it go?"

"Y-yes."

"Well, that's why we call it voluntary."—Chicago Tribune.

True Sympathy.

Tom—Why so melancholy, old man?

Jack—Miss Jones rejected me last night.

Tom—Well, brace up. There are others.

Jack—Yes, of course; but somehow I can't help feeling sorry for the poor girl.—Chicago News.

Too Much Promised.

"Did her father forgive her for running off and getting married?"

"Yes; the old man said that he would forgive and forget them."—Indianapolis News.

ALIASES OF THE PEANUT.

There Are Many Names For the Toothsome Palate Tickler.

Considering its universal popularity and excellent standing in agricultural circles, it is remarkable how many aliases there are under which the peanut travels. Whenever it is introduced to a new community the toothsome offering of the sod adopts a new name and comes forth with an additional sobriquet which makes it almost unrecognizable to its old acquaintances. If the "edible fruit"—as the dictionaries call it—had ever done anything to be ashamed of, the public might understand, but as things are the eccentricities of peanut nomenclature are absolutely astonishing.

Here in Virginia we designate our little friend principally as the peanut, but quite often we likewise allude to him as a "ground pea" and occasionally as a "goober." Over in England they call the same fruit ground nut, while it is variously known elsewhere as "earth nut," "Manila nut," "jurnut" and "pindar." The scientific patronymic, as we understand it, is Arachis pypogæa, and the family belongs to the genus of leguminous plants.

But, be its name what it may, a peanut is a peanut the world over, so far as its virtues go, and few are the human palates which decline to receive an introduction to it.—Richmond Dispatch.

A Different Sort of Leather.

A Pennsylvania physician tells a story about his servant which reminds one in a vague way of the "skinny side out and the woolly side in" rhyme. He had just hired a servant who, says the Philadelphia Telegraph, had some of the "ould dart" still clinging to her boots.

One morning he noticed his office windows were rather dirty, and, calling Bridget, he instructed her to clean them before he returned. At the same time he told her that he would stop and purchase a new chamois skin and send it home, and with this she was to clean the windows.

After he had gone his rounds he returned to his office. Glancing at the windows, he found them thickly streaked with grease. He called Bridget, and the following colloquy took place:

"Bridget, didn't I tell you to clean the windows?"

"Yes, sor."

"And didn't I tell you to use the new chamois?"

"Yes, sor."

"Well, did you use it?"

"Sure, I did sor."

"Let me see the chamois," said the doctor, and Bridget promptly brought it. Then for the first time he learned that his wife had left the house a half hour before him and had sent home some tripe.

Black and White.

Every crow is said to think its own nestling the whitest, but a white cat that had four kittens, of which three were white and the fourth was black, gave the first place in her affections to Sooty. Once they were all brought into the drawing room to be "shown off." Besides the humans the room contained a great Newfoundland dog. Hitherto cat and dog had been on friendly terms, but now pussy showed much anxiety lest the dog might harm her black pet especially. At last she seized it by the neck and bore it beneath the lowest piece of furniture, where the dog could not possibly crawl, but she merely mewed to the others to follow her as best they could. The black kitten owed all this care to its color, more happy in this respect than the black sheep which is said to be in every flock.—Exchange.

Crusoe Kept Good Friday.

There was once a woman in Albany, prudent and cautious about the literature read by her children, who appealed to Bishop Doane for advice and instruction in the matter. They considered and discussed many juvenile books, the bishop either approving or condemning them as they came up for judgment, until finally "Robinson Crusoe" was named.

"Do you think it suitable for my Tommy?" asked the woman.

"Oh, yes," replied the bishop. "It is quite a harmless narrative and has pleased boys for ages. Besides, you know, there is some reason to believe Robinson Crusoe was an Episcopalian." And the bishop's eyes twinkled.

"Indeed!" exclaimed Tommy's mother. "Why, I never knew that."

"Yes," continued the bishop; "you will remember that he kept good Friday."

How It Happened.

"It was kinder funny—that is, overlookin' the seriousness of it," said the landlord of the Pettyville tavern. "You see, Miss Babriella Lanks, who has—not meanin' any disrespect to her, you understand—been an old maid so long that it's generally believed to be chronic, approached the railroad crossin', and a brakeman waved a red flag at her to warn her of the danger. She thought he was tryin' to flirt with her and advanced toward him with a smile, and a caboose that was backin' up struck her good and plenty. Luckily no bones were broken, and the first thing she said when she recovered consciousness was 'Oh, this is so sudden!'"—Smart Set.

Helpless.

"How many servants do you keep?" asks the first matron.

"I didn't keep twenty-two last year," confesses the worried housekeeper.—Baltimore American.

A Man's Word.

The greatest liar on earth tells the truth to his doctor. The most truthful man alive is tempted to lie to the assessor.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Old and New Style Calendar.

Under what is called the old style the Julian calendar assumed the length of the solar year to be 365¼ days, whereas it was eleven minutes and a few seconds less. This annual error accumulated as years rolled on and began to be fully recognized about the beginning of the sixteenth century. The Gregorian calendar, or new style of writing dates, was first introduced in the year 1582, and ten days were then struck out of the calendar. Other regulations were also made—namely, that one day more should be dropped in each hundredth year which was not a fourth hundredth after 1582. In England the old style was directed to be discontinued and the new style introduced in the year 1752.

The change of style was effected in the following manner in September, 1752: Eleven days being the difference between dates written according to the two styles, old and new, the day after Wednesday, Sept. 2, 1752, was called Thursday, Sept. 14, 1752, omitting the 3d to the 13th, both inclusive. A careful reading of the article on "Calendar" in any encyclopedia will assist the reader and student to a fair comprehension of the old style and new style differences and why.

He Meant Well.

I was laid up in the cabin of a North Carolina mountaineer with a sprained ankle, and, though he would willingly have provided me with the best, the fare consisted of pones, fried squirrel and corn coffee every meal. On the fifth day I must have let slip some sign that things were growing monotonous, for he looked over at me and said:

"Stranger, I reckoned to make a change in this yere fodder, but it didn't come about."

"Oh, the fodder is all right," I replied.

"But I don't skassly think it is, and I was gwine to make a change. Sorry to say I couldn't do it, but the dratted woodchuck got clean away!"

A Hopeless Case.

There was a brilliant reception at the house of Mrs. Amory. Among the guests was a certain Mr. Mackenzie, a man of grave and somewhat taciturn demeanor, whom several of the young ladies present had tried to engage in conversation, but without much success.

One of them spoke to the hostess about him.

"He seems to be rather uneasy and out of place at a party like this," she said.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Amory, with a bright smile; "he can't talk anything but sense."—Youth's Companion.

The Singing Mouse.

The power of song among the brute creation has so long been associated in our minds with the feathered tribe alone that we do not think of it as belonging to any four footed animals. Yet there is a mouse that sings—why, nobody knows. It is a small animal, with very large ears, which are moved about much while singing, as if that were necessary to the success of the vocal performance. The song is not, as you think, a prolonged squeak with variations, but a succession of clear, warbling notes, with trills, not unlike the song of a canary, and quite as beautiful, though some of the notes are much lower. One great peculiarity is a sort of double song, an air with accompaniment quite subdued. Upon first hearing this one believes that he is listening to more than one mouse, so perfect is the illusion.

The Louis Styles.

It was the French King Louis XI. who invented gold lace, and it was Louis XIV. who ordered all the silk upholsteries of the palace done in white with figures of gold and blue and a touch of red. The louisine silks are named after him, and all the French kings of the name of Louis have had their names brought down to posterity through the invention of some article of dress, whether it be a Louis Quinze heel or a Louis Seize coat, while to Louis Quatorze belongs the honor of a cuff and a hat.

A Genius.

Small Son—I know what I'll be when I grow up—I'm going to be a great inventor.

Papa—That's encouraging, certainly. What makes you think you have inventive genius?

Small Son—Why, I wanted to take a screw out and I couldn't find a screwdriver, so I unscrewed it with your razor.—Short Stories.

A Wonder.

An advertisement was inserted for some one to take charge of the choir and play the organ at a village church. The following was among the replies: "Sir—I noticed your advertisement for an organist and music teacher, either lady or gentleman. Having been both for several years, I offer you my services."

Much In a Name.

Being informed that he was to be taken before a judge whose name was Justice, a Georgia negro exclaimed:

"De goodness an gracious! Ef he gimme what his name call fer, I sho' is gone!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Preliminary.

The policeman heard high words and poked his head in the door.

"What's goin' on here?" he demanded.

"Nawthin'! Nawthin' at all," answered one of the belligerent Irishmen in the middle of the floor. "There's nawthin' goin' on, but there's a fight comin' off in liss than a minute if ye'll only keep movin'."—Chicago Post.

SEA FLOWERS AS PETS.

The Queer Little Creatures Known as Anemones.

The queerest pets in the world are kept in a beautiful row of clear, flashing, round glass tanks on an upper floor of a large aquarium. As you approach the tanks you behold glowing little groups of color and artistic blending and mingling of fantastic weeds and shining stones. Then when you peer into the tanks you see what at first seem to you just like particularly handsome and gorgeous flowers growing all over the little rockeries. Some of the flowers look like dainty pink and white and yellow and purple and crimson dahlias. Others look almost like daisies, with lacelike petals. Others look like little star flowers, all pure white and perfect. These flowers are of all sizes, from tiny ones barely large enough to see to great ones almost large enough to fill a saucer.

But if you will watch these "flowers" for a few minutes you will jump suddenly, for all at once you will see one move its petals. Then you will see another and another do it. Slowly the petals unfold or contract, with little jerking movements, sometimes twining in the water like snakes.

Tap smartly on the table on which the tanks stand, and like lightning all the petals will have disappeared. These sea flowers are really not flowers at all. They are living creatures, known as sea anemones.

For many years a scientist has tended and fed them, and the little animated flowers actually have come to know him. When he feeds them, he puts a little bit of fish on the end of a long pointed stick and puts it carefully down into the water until it is near the anemone. It did not take long for the beautiful things to understand it, and, whereas at first they used to withdraw their petals and shut up tightly when the stick approached, now they twine gracefully and stretch their dainty arms out as far as they can go in order to reach it.—London Answers.

A Queer Transaction.

Sir Arthur Sullivan discovered at Monte Carlo one time that certain restaurant proprietors had a way of regulating their charges with the appearance and standing of their customers. When lunching alone, Sir Arthur was in the habit of frequenting one particular place where he knew to a centime what the prices were.

One day there sat at the table adjoining his own a wealthy Russian nobleman. Upon asking for his bill the composer found that the prices were exorbitantly high. He sent for the proprietor and demanded an explanation.

The man, an Italian, recognized Sir Arthur as an influential client and was profuse in his apologies. He explained that the mistake lay with the cashier. Going over the items to which exception was taken, the proprietor said: "The convert I take him off directly, and the butter I charge him to the grand duke. He not notice it."

The idea of charging to the grand duke an item against whose extortionate price another customer protested always struck the great composer as a decidedly humorous way of getting out of the difficulty.

A Royal Road to Wealth.

When a certain late shah of Persia became temporarily embarrassed for money, he had quite a unique method of filling his purse. He would go to the market, where, after examining the shops, he would select one and, turning to the proprietor, would say, "Will you take me in as a partner in your business for the day?" The offer was, of course, eagerly accepted. The shah would take his seat near the shop entrance and say to his courtiers, whom he always took with him on these occasions: "Now, I'm salesman. Who'll buy?" The latter, not daring to refuse the offers of the royal merchant, set about clearing the shop of its contents, paying sometimes £50 for goods that were not worth £10. No one was allowed to beat down prices or to leave the place without making purchases. When everything was sold, the shah had a list of the cost price of each article made out and loyally shared with the shopkeeper the amount of the profit realized.

Her Sentiments.

It is related of a clergyman who was the father of a charming and beautiful daughter that one day while preparing his Sunday sermon he was suddenly called away from his desk on a mission of mercy. The sentence at which he left off was this: "I never see a young man of splendid physique and the promise of a glorious manhood almost realized but my heart is filled with rapture and delight."

His daughter, happening to enter the study, saw the sermon and read the words. Sitting down, she wrote underneath, "My sentiments, papa, exactly!"

A Change Had Come Over Him.

There are some things in this world for which not even the most profound rural philosopher can account to his own satisfaction.

"I never saw an animal move so slowly before in all my life!" cried an exasperated traveler in a New Hampshire stage, behind which the clouds of a rapidly rising storm were growing blacker every moment. "Can't the horse go any faster? You had an excellent one ten years ago, when I used to spend the summer here."

"That's the cur'ous thing about it," said the driver, gazing first at his steed and then at the uneasy passenger in a mildly speculative way. "This boss is the very same identical boss that I drove that summer. I don't know what in tunket's got into him! He seems to have lost his animation."—Youth's Companion

A HAPPY ENDING.

Head Ached Always—Eyesight Poor—Nerves Upset—Generally Miserable—Years of Trouble Happily Ended.

Mrs. William L. Smith, of No. 1220 Erie Ave., Williamsport, Pa., says: "My little daughter Sophia had for almost a year been complaining of her eyes troubling her. They looked all right but seemed to ache all the time and there was a puffing below the eyes and she felt tired all the time. I got a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and gave her some of them. She has not since complained of her eyes and the puffiness has disappeared and she seems bright and cheerful. I cannot speak too highly of them."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package. For sale at Krumrine's Drug Store

—"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, Wea Cornwell, Conn.

—Authors are encouraged to increased production this fall in view of the high price of coal. Manuscripts unavailable for publication are in request by fuel dealers. Hot stuff preferred.

—The boys are looking forward to a good time on All-Halloween, which occurs the last night of this month.

—Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Legal Notices.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section ten of article one of the Constitution, so that a discharge of a jury for failure to agree or other necessary cause shall not work an acquittal.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution; that is to say, that section ten of article one, which reads as follows:

"No person shall, for any indictable offense be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured." be amended so as to read as follows:

No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; *but a discharge of the jury for failure to agree, or other necessary cause, shall not work an acquittal.* Nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment.

Add at the end of section seven, article three, the following words: "Unless before it shall be introduced in the General Assembly, such proposed special or local law shall have been first submitted to a popular vote, at a general or special election in the locality or localities to be affected by its operation, under an order of the court of common pleas of the respective county after hearing and application granted, and shall have been approved by a majority of the voters at such election: Provided, That no such election shall be held until the decree of court authorizing the same shall have been advertised for at least thirty (30) days in the locality or localities affected, in such manner as the court may direct.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

BELLEFONTE MARKET QUOTATIONS.

PRODUCE:

These prices are paid by C. C. Shuey for produce—

Eggs, per doz.		20
Lard, " lb		12½
Tallow, " "		3
Butter, " "		20
Potatoes, per bu		40
Side, " lb		8
Shoulder, " "		10
Ham " "		16

GRAIN:

These prices are paid by C. T. Gerberich & Son for grain—

Wheat, old	70
" new	70
Oats new	30
Barley	50
Rye	56
Corn, shelled	68
" new	60

Additional Locals.

—Will Snyder, a conductor on the local freight was very badly hurt on Wednesday at Milesburg.

—W. L. Daggett has purchased the Ardell property on East Linn street and will move his family there as soon as some necessary repairs can be made.

—Dr. H. S. Braucht, of Gregg township, was nominated by the Democrats for Coroner of Centre county at their reconvened county convention on Wednesday.

—A total eclipse of the moon will occur on the night of October 16 17, and will be visible over North America. While the phenomenon is not an unusual one it is an interesting sight.

—A man by the name of Chas. Rooney of Bellefonte was arrested by Railroad Detective James Swartzell of Tyrone last Thursday for stealing brass from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

—An old lady 75 years of age by the name of Mrs. Fye fell and struck her head against the stone curb at the P. R. R. passenger station on Thursday, cutting an awful gash in her head and rendering her unconsious for a few minutes.

—We are under obligations to Hon. John Hamilton Secretary of Agriculture for a copy of the Agriculture report for 1901. It is a comprehensive volume and a fine text book for the farmer, and as a farmer editor we certainly appreciate it.

—Mrs. Sarah Potter fell down stairs Sunday evening at her home on East Linn street and injured her hip. She is reported today to be resting very comfortably. Mrs. Potter is 82 years old and is the mother of George L., and John Potter.

—Mrs. Hugh S. Taylor who has been ailing for sometime past underwent a very delicate operation Sunday afternoon. It was performed by Doctor's Hayes and Sebring. Her condition is quite serious but she was reported to be somewhat better.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian church contemplate holding a Bazaar and all that properly belongs to an affair of this kind. It will be held in the Chapel either on the first or second week of December. The proceeds to be applied towards replenishing the depleted exchequer of this struggling congregation.

—Next Sunday October 12, a large class will be confirmed in St. John's Catholic church on East Bishop street. In the evening Bishop Garvey of the Altoona Diocese will deliver a sermon. The Bishop is an excellent talker and no doubt his discourse will be listened to by a large audience.

— Frank Wilmer of Altoona while in the act of jumping on the Lewisburg and Tyrone train Thursday evening about 10:30, fell under the wheels, and sustained severe injuries on his right leg. He is a man about 30 years old. He was taken to the Bellefonte hospital where his injuries were attended to.

—While O. H. Osman and some other young men were shooting mark in the rear of Harrison's bakery Thursday morning, Mr. Osman was accidently shot in the right leg near the thigh. Mr. Osman was taken to the Bellefonte hospital for treatment. The wound bled quite freely but no serious results are apprehended.

—The open season for game will be here soon; then the hunters will be happy. As a writer in Country Life in America says nearly every lover of the gun and rifle has a choice of the game he will pursue. This one is never so happy as when marking down a covey of quail To another the prairie chicken, or if he be eastern bred, the ruffed grouse furnishes the keenest sport. In a third the flight of wild fowl alone has power to snap the chains of business and send him forth into the marshes. With others it is squirrel shooting, and pursuit of rabbits with beagles, riding to hounds in the chase for Sir Reynard, while the lover of the rifle and the eternal mystery of the woods finds no such pleasure as in the pursuit of big game—moose, bear and deer.

—At Altoona Friday evening twelve-year old Earl Hile, son of Samuel Hile, was shot in the left side by Harry Brown a youth aged about 20 years. Hile was with a crowd of boys when a shot from a distance away struck young Hile in the left side. It struck his last rib and glancing passed through young McFall's coat, but did him no injury. Hile walked home and was taken to the office of Dr. J. U. Blose, where the wound was dressed. The ball came from an old Springfield rifle in the hands of Harry Brown. It seems that a crowd of boys had been taunting him until he became angry and getting the gun came back to the hill and seeing the lads opened fire. He says the gun was only loaded with a wad, but the hole in young Hile's shirt and the wound inflicted seems to have been made by a ball. Brown was arrested by patrolman Haley and locked up at the city prison.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Oct. 6, 1902:

Maggie Armagast, Mrs. Sara Howard, Emma Myers, Cora Mannley, H. G. Neiman, Ella Ritter, Geo. Williams, Jerry Weaver, Anna Watkins.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

THE CENTRE COUNTY FAIR,

The Third Annual Gathering a Most Successful Event.

A BIG CROWD PRESENT THURSDAY

Judge Pennypacker and Party Were on the Grounds and Witnessed the Racing which Proved Very Exciting.

THE EXHIBITS WELL WORTH SEEING

This has been a disappointing and discouraging week not only to the directors and managers of the Fair Association but also to people in every section of the county who expected to spend a portion of the time at this great exposition.

It rained on Tuesday and Wednesday to such an extent that it seemed probable the Fair would have to be declared off, but notwithstanding the threatening aspect of the weather Thursday morning the trains from every direction centering in Bellefonte were crowded with passengers determined to defy the weather and take in the Fair.

About noon the dark and lowering skies, which had looked so forbidding and threatening, relented enough to allow "Old Sol" to put in an appearance, and after he had once gotten the clouds broken asserted himself, and in a short time every vestage of storm and rain had vanished and he smiled down serenely upon the thousands of pleasure seekers who had assembled in the Fair Ground.

On the grounds there was the usual number of fakirs with every conceivable device to inveigle the poor rustic to invest his money in hopes of increasing his fortune, but ninety-nine times out of the hundred it was the fakir's exchequer that was benefited.

To the onlooker it is interesting to watch the victims being taken in and there is but little sympathy shown those who get their fingers burned.

The poultry exhibit, which in former years had been particularly fine, did not materialize, very little being on exhibition.

There was a fine display of fruit and vegetables in the main exhibition building, excelling that of other years. The plant and floral display was fairly good. The State College Experimental Station had a fine exhibit of products from their well tilted farm. The cakes, pies and wine department looked very inviting and from the appearance of the wine bottles the judges evidently had to taste very often from each one to determine the merits of the contents.

The ladies' department, consisting of fancy work, was particularly fine and artistically arranged. Some of the work displayed being the finest we ever saw.

The stock exhibit at the extreme end of the ground, is a considerable distance away but is well worth time and trouble to see the fine variety of cattle on exhibition.

To entertain the large crowd, which was estimated to be over six thousand, there was a balloon ascension and a vaudeville in front of the grand stand. The Coleville band discoursed delightful music throughout the afternoon.

The principal event of interest was the attendance of Judge Pennypacker, Republican candidate for Governor, who with his party occupied a portion of the grand stand most of the afternoon. Upon the arrival of the distinguished visitors they were received enthusiastically by the entire crowd.

The races were very exciting, though owing to the late rain the track was in poor condition. The heats were:

2:18 Trot and Pace—Purse $300.

George C. Easton, br. h. (Shurtz)	2	*	2	1	1
Princeaway, b. g. (Alexander)	1	2	1	2	3
Glencoe, ch. g. (Miller)	3	3	3	4	2
Miracle, br. g. (Faux)	4	4	4	3	4

Time—2:24, 2:22, 2:23¼, 2 23, 2:25½.

* Princeaway won heat, but set back second for interference.

2:35 Trot and Pace—Purse $200.

Oregon, b. g. (Middaugh)	1	1	1
Obedient, br. s. (Waple)	2	2	2
Big Harry, s. g. (Faux)	4	3	3
Flaxy B, ch. g. (Larimer)	3	4	4

Time—2:33, 2:29¼, 2:31¼.

Running Race—4½ furlongs—Purse $100.

Fierce, s. g. (Hershey)	1	1
Dry Monopole, br. g. (Mory)	2	2
Cuyote, b. g. (Bishop)	3	3

The Fair will be continued today and tomorrow and on both days there will be some fine racing.

We hope for the sake of the gentlemen who have expended much money and time in giving Centre county farmers and others an opportunity of exhibiting and seeing the different products of the county ahat there will be a large attendance both today and tomorrow, that it may not prove a financial loss to these enterprising, public spirited citizens of our community.

It seemed as though everybody had a favorite horse at the Centre County Fair and that one unanimously proved to be "Princeaway" the winner of Thursday's 2:18 trot and pace race and who was also a winner on Friday in the 2:20 trot and pace. Every time this handsome horse would appear before the Grandstand he would receive the applause of all. He won three straight heats and had time and space to burn. After the races Mr. Alexander the owner of the horse refused an offer of $1500.00 for him.

In the 2:20 trot and pace "Joe Wilks," owned by S. O. Watts of Lock Haven walked right away from all the rest, but as soon as the race was finished a protest was made by Sheriff J. M. Oaks, the owner of "Hartford" and Mr. G. D. Clymer, of Altoona the owner of "Vernes Hal," who if the facts cannot be proven against "Joe Wilks" will take first money. In the protest Sheriff Oake and Mr. Clymer claims that this horse is traveling under an assumed name, and that he has a record of 2:14, and to be entered in this class he would be entirely out of place. They claim he is a "ringer." The purse $200 was withheld until Mr. Watts and Mr. Faux could clearly prove the identify of the horse.

The summaries were as follows:

2:25 Trot and Pace—Purse $200

Joe Wilks, b. g. (Faux)	1	1	1
Vernes Hal, b. h. (Clymer)	2	2	5
Hartford, b. g. (Tompkins)	3	4	2
Lillie Rickets, r. m. (Middleage)	6	3	4
William H, g. g. (Hagmal)	5	5	3
Alice W, b. m. (Coe)	4	6	6

Time—2:20¼, 2:24½, 2:27¾.

2:20 Trot and Pace—Hotel purse $200.

Princeaway, b. g. (Alexander)	1	1	1
Susanna, b. m. (Shertle)	2	2	2
Graymont, g. g. (Patchin)	3	4	3
Drollery, b. m. (Middagh)	4	3	4
Miss Ingram, b. m. (Cover)	5	dr.	

Time—2:24¾, 2:24¼, 2:22¼.

Between the heats at the races, the vast crowd of people were amused by some of Bellefontes renowned artists. First was "Pete" Ryan in his phenominal "buck and wing" dancing. And then came the "Celebrated Richmond Artists," in their cake walk better known in Bellefonte as, Louie Daggett, Fred Chambers, Strohm Lose, Guy McEntire, with Joe Barnes as their manager. These boys are certainly fine and time after time won the applause of all. Louis Daggett and Guy McEntire took the cake and well they deserved it.

There was also a balloon ascension which was accomplished in a satisfactory manner, the air ship rising to a great height and descending within a short distance from where it started.

Ex-Governor and Mrs. D. H. Hastings Surprised.

Last Saturday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Hastings. No announcement of the fact was made, and the Governor and his wife expected to spend the evening quietly at home, but in this they were doomed to disappointment, for some of their friends had not forgotten the event and about 8 o'clock a party numbering twenty or more marched into their spacious and hospitable home and took possession. Shortly afterwards choice viands were sent in, which had been ordered by the guests, and the table was prepared for a sumptuous repast. Occupying the centre of the table was a magnificent wedding cake beautifully decorated and upon the top were the initials "J. R.—D. H. H. 1887—1902," the letters and figures being of silver.

At the proper time a knife was handed Mrs. Hastings who proceeded in the most artistic manner to divide the cake. She started with the point of the knife and as it would not divide in that manner she tried the whole blade; it not yielding to this, commenced an examination to see the cause of the trouble, when she discovered that instead of a genuine cake it was nothing but pasteboard with the iced decorations.

Both the Governor and Mrs. Hastings enjoyed the joke. The reason the cake was of this character and not a *bona fide* article was that the time had been too short to have one prepared.

After a delightful two hours had been spent by the guests they bid adieu to host and hostess with the wish that many more anniversaries of this character might be in store for them, or at least that they might be spared to enjoy life, health and prosperity for many years to come.

Judge Pennypacker Entertained by E. R. Chambers, Esq.

After Judge Pennypacker left the Fair Ground Thursday evening he was driven to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chambers on Linn street, where he was entertained at dinner, the following prominent Bellefonte citizens being invited to dine with him:—Hon. John G. Love, Col. W. Fred Reynolds, William E. Gray, Harry Keller and Joseph L. Montgomery.

Judge Pennypacker proved to be a genial and entertaining guest, and the time between dinner and the public meeting in the Court House was past most pleasantly.

In conversation, Judge Pennypacker stated that for two hundred years the Pennypacker family had moved but fifteen miles from where they originally settled, in Montgomery Co., and that his farm at "Pennypacker Mills" was at one time occupied by General Washington as his headquarters. It was then in the possession of Samuel Pennypacker, and by a singular coincidence in this year, 1902, is owned by a direct descendent of the original proprietor, who bears the same name.

The Judge is very literary in his tastes, and has a private library of over eight thousand volomes, and there is no pleasure he enjoys so much as being among his books.

We will just add that the Judge is a near relative of Mrs. Chambers at whose home he was entertained.

LONDON CAB SERVICE.

Why It Is the Best and the Cheapest In the World.

"Everyone knows, either from experience or hearsay, that the cab service in London is the best and cheapest in the world, but few of us know why. So when I was over there I made it a point to find out."

The woman who occupied the other seat in the hansom looked as if she would like to hear the result of his investigations. "It is mainly due," he continued, "to the fact that licenses to drive cabs and buses through the London streets are hard to get. An applicant must furnish the most satisfactory proofs of his honesty when he files his application at Scotland Yard, and his references are carefully verified. Then he undergoes such a rigid examination as to his knowledge of streets and localities that but little more than half the candidates manage to pull through it. Those who do are then tested as to their ability to drive through the crowded thoroughfares, the test being a practical one, with an inspector of police, who is himself an expert driver, seated by the side of the would be Jehu as he threads his way through the jam. Probably 20 per cent of the applicants come to grief during this test, as the slightest infraction of the rules of the road or the exercise of bad judgment in controlling or guiding his horse means absolute failure. If successful, the applicant is impressed with the importance of returning all articles left in his cab to headquarters without delay and told that an attempt to make excessive charges means the forfeiture of his license. The result is comparative safety to the passengers in cabs and a reasonable certainly that there will be no attempt upon the 'cabby's' part to overcharge his fare."—New York Tribune.

A Story of Cervantes.

Cervantes once gave a proof that his generosity was fully equal to his genius. In the early part of his life he was for some time a slave in Algiers, and there he devised a plan to free himself and thirteen of his fellow sufferers.

One of them traitorously revealed the design, and they were all brought before the dey of Algiers, who promised them their lives on condition that they revealed the contriver of the plot.

"I was that person," at once cried Cervantes. "Save my companions and let me perish alone."

The dey, struck by his intrepidity, spared his life, allowed him to be ransomed and permitted him to go home.

Clings to His Misery.

"Ah," he sighed, "I was happier when I was poor."

"Well," they answered coldly, "it is always possible for a man to become poor again."

But somehow the idea did not seem to impress him favorably.—Chicago Post.

The Viewpoint.

"That man is extremely suspicious, as he thinks every one he sees is a shady character, and naturally too."

"It's his nature, I suppose."

"Not at all. He wears smoked spectacles."—Baltimore Herald.

Didn't Seem Possible.

Mr. Staylate—Is that clock right?

Miss De Pink (wearily)—I think it must need cleaning. It's been two or three hours going that last hour.—Stray Stories.

Character In the Feet.

In the form of the foot the sexes differ as much or even more than in that of the hand. A woman's foot is usually narrower in proportion than a man's, while his will be considerably stronger in the ankle and more powerful in the formation of the toes, especially of the ball of the great toe. When a woman owns a strong, firm, wide foot, many of us experience perhaps no sensation of surprise at finding her "strong minded." When a man trips along upon a delicate little foot, people instinctively believe him to be lacking in power and often put him down as effeminate.—Exchange.

Fooled the Other Fellows.

An old showman says that one summer he traveled with a circus side show. An admission of 10 cents was charged, and all he had was a pig with one ear off. When people came in, he said to them: "Don't say a word. Let us fool the other fellows." The victims went out, saying it was a great show and encouraged others to go in. Americans are always willing to fool each other.—Atchison Globe.

A Sally Soother.

Young Wife (poetically)—You always seemed to have plenty of money before we were married.

Loving Husband—It was only seeming. I had very little.

Young Wife—And you told me you expected to be rich.

Loving Husband—I am rich, my dear. I've got you.

Easily Explained.

Mr. Hornspike—You know it is said that the female mosquito is the one that does the biting. How do you account for that?

Mrs. Hornspike—Some man said it.—Exchange.

He Saw Them.

"Did you see any sharks when you crossed the ocean, Mr. Spifkins?" asked Miss Purling.

"Yes," replied Spifkins sadly; "I played cards with a couple."

Delightful Death.

"The doctor says that Mrs. Gadabout is dying from too much shopping," said Mrs. Tellit.

"How perfectly heavenly!" gushed Mrs. Izzit.—Judge.

Impaired Digestion

May not be all that is meant by *dyspepsia* now, but it will be if neglected.

The uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, sourness of the stomach, and disagreeable belching may not be very bad now, but they will be if the stomach is suffered to grow weaker.

Dyspepsia is such a miserable disease that the tendency to it should be given early attention. This is completely overcome by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which strengthens the whole digestive system

BIRD DOGS.

Some of the Almost Human Work These Clever Canines Perform.

Roading denotes that a dog is following a trail toward the birds by their foot scent, as a man in an analogous manner might follow a flock of sheep by watching their tracks.

Drawing denotes that a dog is approaching birds by a scent in the air, as a man might follow a flock of sheep by the long line of dust hovering over and around the trail. Drawing is considered a much superior manner to roading. It is commonly marked by greater accuracy, quickness of execution and dash of manner.

Pointing is the stop which the dog makes when he has definitely located the birds or when he thinks he has done so. It is the preliminary pause to accurately determine the whereabouts of the hidden birds before he springs to capture. If he misjudges and springs in the wrong direction, all his pains and labor come to nothing. In his training he is encouraged to point, but is prohibited springing, so that after a time he makes his point and holds it stanchly.

If by any act, willful or otherwise, he alarms the birds and they take wing, it is called a flush. If the dog when going up wind on game flushes the birds, he commits an error. If under certain circumstances he flushes when going down the wind, the error may be excused on the ground that being up wind of them it was impossible to scent them and therefore impossible to know of their presence.—Outing.

Where He Missed It.

"Ah," he said as they were exploring among the rocks back of the hotel, "here is 'Lovers' lane.' Let's go through."

"That deep place there, where it is so dark, with the steep, rocky sides?"

"Yes. Come on."

"I'm afraid you would kiss me if we were down there alone together."

"No, honest!"

"Well, then we may as well remain up here."—Chicago Record-Herald.

One Boy's Worth.

When Horace Mann made a famous speech for the dedication of a building that had cost many thousand dollars devoted to the reformation of bad boys, he said, "If all this which has been spent upon this building results in the reformation of one boy, it is money well spent." Somebody said to him, "Mr. Mann, do you think one boy is worth all that money?" He replied, "Yes, if it is my boy or your boy."—Primary Education.

More Than He Could Stand.

"After you have taken this medicine," said the physician, "give yourself a hot water bath and go to bed at once."

"Gosh, doc!" exclaimed the shaggy haired patient. "Can't you make it a mustard plaster or something like that? I always kitch cold when I take a bath!"—Chicago Tribune.

Success.

Success, like a trolley car, is liable to strike us unexpectedly. When it does, we want no fender and guarantee there'll be no suit against the company.—Ida Young Cliff.

The man who loudly announces before marriage that he is going to be master is the same who after marriage pulls carpet tacks with his teeth.—Baltimore News.

In a Glass of Water.

Put a handful of *glazed coffee* in a glass of water, wash off the coating, look at it; smell it! Is it fit to drink? Give

LION COFFEE

the same test. It leaves the water bright and clear, because it's *just pure* coffee.

The sealed package insures uniform quality and freshness.

SPEER'S GRAPE WINES ALSO UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE And ★★★ Climax Brandy.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE
NINE YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left hanging until they shrink and partly raisin before gathering. It is invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other wines in the world, being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, at his own vineyards, the past forty years. Its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. It is particularly beneficial to the aged, debilitated and the weaker sex. In every respect it is A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

[See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.]

Speer's (Socialite) Claret

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, specially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's ★★★ Climax Brandy

IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes, and equal in every respect to the high price Old Cognac Brandies of France, from which it cannot be distinguished.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS IN WHO ever.

This will save your Life,
By inducing you to use
Dr. King's New Discovery,
....For....
Consumption, Coughs and Colds.
The only **Guaranteed Cure.**
NO Cure. NO Pay. Your Druggist will warrant it.
ABSOLUTELY CURES
Grip, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia, or any Affection of the Throat and Lungs
TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.
Regular Size 50 cents and $1.00.
Green's Pharmacy.

Duff's College
Has unsurpassed facilities for giving a Business Education, and placing Students when trained. Circulars on application.
Pittsburg, Pa.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
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NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

For Every Member of the Farmers' Family

Established in 1841, for over sixty years it was the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, known and read in every State in the Union.

On November 7, 1901, it was changed to the

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

a high class, up-to-date, illustrated agricultural weekly, for the farmer and his family—

Price $1.00

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By subscribing through your own favorite home newspaper, THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

Both papers one year for only $1.50.

Send your order and money to THE REPUBLICAN.

Sample copy free. Send your address to NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER, New York City.

WILL TRY AGAIN;

President and Several Members of the Cabinet Hold a Conference.

MINERS' STRIKE DISCUSSED

Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright Was Also Present at the Meeting Sunday Afternoon.

NO NEWS WAS MADE PUBLIC

WASHINGTON, October 6.—In an earnest effort to expedite the adjustment of the coal strike problem, another conference over the situation was held at the White House yesterday and adjourned after three hours of deliberation. No statement was given out as the conclusions reached and every participant absolutely refused to discuss what had taken place during the meeting.

The conference was called for yesterday, although it was Sunday, in view of the extraordinary importance to the American people of a speedy solution of the question. Besides the President, there were present at the conference Secretary of War Root, Secretary of the Navy Moody, Attorney General Knox, Postmaster General Payne and Carroll D. Wright, United States Commissioner of Labor. The last named was summoned to attend the conference on account of his expert knowledge of the situation in the anthracite coal fields and because of his personal investigation of the conditions there which he made some months ago at the instance of the President.

It was notable that only four of the members of the Cabinet were present. This, however, was significant only of the fact that three of those four were lawyers and that the issue involved was one which called for the deliberation of trained legal minds. The fourth Cabinet officer, Postmaster General Payne, has taken prominent part in the preliminary conferences over the coal situation which led up to the conferences with the coal officials and the miners representatives Friday, and besides, has had a life long identification with the corporate interests which are involved in the present question.

The fact that Mr. Payne has been one of the closest advisers in the national counsels of his party gives him a position of prominence.

When those who were to participate arrived at the White House in a drizzling rain, they found Surgeon General Rixey of the Navy and Dr. Lung, the President's physician, already there, making the morning call on the distinguished patient. This caused a delay of a few minutes. When the physicians left, it was reported that the President's condition was progressing satisfactorily.

The President in expressing his views at the outset of the conference, talked earnestly and showed a deep feeling. His voice at times, could be heard down stairs. Several times during the conference. Secretary Cortelyou was summoned into the room and directed to prepare certain matters for the consideration of the President and his advisers. This was taken to indicate that some action of one nature or another was about to be consummated.

When the conference adjourned a few minutes before 1 o'clock those who had joined in it refused to talk. Every member of the Cabinet and Colonel Wright, the only outsider who was present, was pledged to absolute secrecy as to what had occurred within the conference room.

That the parties to the conference feel that they have accomplished something is borne out by the expression of the belief that the miners will soon be again at work.

DEATH OF MRS. MARTIN REESE.

Expiredlat Her Home in Snow Shoe Sunday Afternoon.

It is with deep regret that we chronicle the death of Mrs. Martin Reese, which sad event occurred at her home in Snow Shoe Sunday afternoon at twenty minutes of four. Mrs. Reese had been ailing for some time and death was due to consumption, that scourge of our northern climate.

Mrs. Reese, whose maiden name was Edith Holter, was born at Howard 33 years ago and is the daughter of the late Abram Holter and his wife, Mrs. Mary J. Holter. She was married to Mr. Martin Reese, conductor on the Snow Shoe Division of the Pennsylvania railroad, who survives her with their two little children, Marie and Robert. She is also survived by her mother, Mrs. Mary J. Holter, of Howard, and the following brothers and sisters, namely: Mrs. Irvin Lucas, W. H. Holter, of Howard; Mrs. S. E. Ferree, of of Minneapolis, Minn.; R. H. Holter, of Rochester, N. Y., and Frank, in the Philippines.

The deceased was an earnest and sincere Christian, being a member of the Presbyterian church the greater part of her life. She was a kind mother, a faithful wife and enjoyed the love and respect of all who knew her.

Short funeral services were held at her home at Snow Shoe Monday after which the remains were taken to Howard where the funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Dr. William Laurie, of Bellefonte, and Rev. Boggs, of Howard, having charge of the services. Interment in the Schenck cemetery at Howard.

The Blue Jacket Mining Company Dividend.

We have not been able thus far, to ascertain the reason of the flurry on Wall Street, to a certainty, and can only form our own opinion as to what would cause the depression in stock values. We find that the only stocks which have declined are those used for speculative purposes, the tendency being to get rid of all such holdings, and to invest in something having a solid value.

The rumor having become current on Wall Street, that the "Blue Jacket Mining and Milling Company," which is controlled by Bellefonte Capitalists would declare a monthly dividend on October 1st, many of the largest stock manipulators proceeded to unload their worthless securities with the intention of buying the stock of this Company, which so affected the finances of the nation as to cause alarm. As soon as Secretary Shaw learned this fact, he sent a repreeentative to Bellefonte to interview the officials of the Company, who promptly informed the Government agent, that none of their stock was, or would be, on the market. He immediately notified Wall Street of the fact, and as soon as the money kings learned how the situation stood, they commenced buying back the securities sold, which restored confidence throughout the country.

In this connection we state on authority that a three and a half per cent dividen on the capital stock of the "Blue Jacked Mining and Milling Company" was paid today for the month of September making thirteen and one-half per cent. paid in the last three months. The dividend would have been larger but for the fact, that last month they erected a large milling plant, which was paid for out of the earning of the company. We have this information from Robert F. Hunter, President, and F. H. Thomas Treasurer of the Company.

Found Out What She Missed.

"In my opinion," said the Rev. Mr. Sincrusher, to a pretty, though pious young woman of his congregation, "the waltz is very, very wicked indeed." "So I have always thought," she replied, "and have never indulged in it." "Yes, yes," he continued; "the waltz whirls its gay Kaliedoscope around, bringing hearts so near that they almost beat against each other, mixing the warm breath together, darting the fire of electricity between the meeting fingers, flushing the face and lightening the eyes with a quick language, pulsing every fibre—" "Jerushy, Mr. Sincrusher," she exclaimed, jumping up, "is it anything like that?" "More," he said, solemnly; "much more." "Well, that's enough. I guess I'll go and learn. I never knew before what I was missing."

The Minister Striking Back.

The minister of a church recently posted the following notice: "The service on Sunday morning is at 11 a. m. The supposition that it is ten minutes later is a mistake. Young men are not excluded from the week night service. The seats in the front portion of the church have been carefully examined. They are quite sound and may be trusted not to give away. It is quite legitimate to join in the singing. The object of the choir is to encourage, not discourage the congregation.

Pushing Work at Renovo.

The Pennsylvania railroad is hurrying work on the new buildings at Renovo and it is thought that next month the power house for generating electricity and compressed air will be completed. It has two 100-kilo Watt generators and two air compressors that will have a capacity of 500 cubic feet a minute. Mechanical stokers will supplant the firemen. A new blacksmith and new erecting shop, with huge traveling cranes are also being erected. Both buildings will be 80 by over 200 feet. New repair tracks will be laid.

MARRIED—Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock John M. Garbrick and Mary Walker both of Bellefonte were united in marriage at the Lutheran parsonage on East Linn street by Dr. H. C. Holloway.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates. C. M. Parrish.

BANNER SALVE, the most healing salve in the world. C. M. Parrish.

—Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. C. M. Parrish.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat. M. Parrish.

Brazilian Balm Cures Grip, Coughs, Croup. 10¢. 25¢.

Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Goes Like Hot Cakes.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes druggist C. T. Smith of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from Throat and Lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and guarantee satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free. Reg. sizes, 50c and $1. Green's Pharmacy.

His Life In Peril.

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Tex, biliousness and lame back had made life a burden. I couldn's eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strengt hand enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50c at Green's Pharmacy.

America's famous Beauties.

Look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Sores, Pimples. They don't have them, nor will any one, who uses Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eczema or Salt Rheum vanish beit- It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains. Infallible for piles. 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes P. Muse, Durham, N. C., "Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best pills on earth and only 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

It Heals the Lungs.

When suffering from a racking cough, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. The soreness will be relieved and a warm, grateful feeling and healing of the parts effected will be experienced. Take no substitute. C. M. Parrish.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

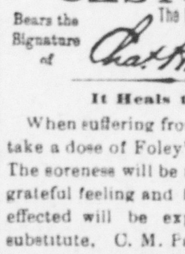
KIDNEY DISEASES are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder trouble. PRICE 50c. and $1.00. C. M. Parrish.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.



It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Professional Cards.

HUGH S. TAYLOR. ATTORNEY AT LAW. No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business attended promptly.

C. M. BOWER. ELLIS L. ORVIS. ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS. ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. A. DALE. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office over Centre County Bank, corner Spring and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

HARRY KELLER. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.

H. C. QUIGLEY. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office on Allegheny street, one door north of *Gazette* office, Bellefonte, Pa.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.

WILBUR F. REEDER. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office on Allegheny street, one door north of *Gazette* office, Bellefonte, Pa.

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

The Worst Form.

Multitudes are singing the praises of Kodol, the new discovery which is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by digesting what they eat by cleansing and sweetening the stomach and by transforming their food into the kind of pure, rich blood that makes you feel good all over. Mrs. Cranfield, of Troy, I. T., writes: For a number of years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia which grew into the worst form. Finally I was induced to use Kodol and after using four bottles I am entirely cured. I heartily recommend Kodol to all sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. Take a dose after meals it digests what you eat. Parrish's drug store.

Natural Anxiety.

Mothers regard approaching winter with uneasiness, children take cold so easily. No disease costs more little lives than croup. It's attack is so sudden that the sufferer is often beyond human aid before the doctor arrives. Such cases yield readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Liquifies the mucus, allays inflammation removes danger Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. F. S. McMahon, Hampton, Ga: "A bad cold rendered me voiceless just before an oratorical contest. I intended to withdraw but took One Minute Cough Cure. It restored my voice in time to win the medal." Parrish's Drug Store.

To Stop a Cold.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. C. M. Parrish.

The editor of the Fordville, Ky., *Miscellaneous*, writes as a postscript to a business letter: I was cured of kidney trouble by taking Foley's Kidney Cure." Take nothing else. C. M. Parrish.

Forty Years' Torture.

To be relieved from a torturing disease after 40 years' torture might well cause the gratitude of anyone. That is what DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve did for C. Haney, Geneva, O. He says "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of piles after I had suffered 40 years." Cures cuts, burns wounds, skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. Parrish's Drug Store.

A Card.

The manufacturers of Banner Salve have authorized the undersigned to guarantee it for burns, cuts, sores, ulcers, tetter, eczema and all skin diseases. You have your money back if it doesn't do all it claims. C. M. Parrish.

Look Out For Fever.

Billiousness and liver disorders at this season may be prevented by cleansing the system with De Witt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills do not gripe. They move the bowel gently, but copiously, and by reason of the tonic properties, give tone and strength to the glands. Parrish's Drug Store.

Bright's Disease.

High living, intemperance, exposure and many other things bring on Bright's disease. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent Bright's disease and all other kidney or bladder disorders if taken in time. Take nothing else. C. M. Parrish.

Don't be deceived or humbugged by people who claim the discovery of some hitherto unknown herb or root in swampe or on some mountain or prairie for the cure of kidney and bladder troubles. Any doctor or druggist will tell you that such claims are fraudulent. Foley's Kidney Cure simply contains remedies that are recognized by the most skillful physicians as best for these complaints, so don't be credulous or Foolish. C. M. Parrish.

Kodol Digests what you Eat

Dyspepsia Cure

People once thought that the only way to cure indigestion was to stop eating. The trouble with such treatment is, that to stop eating is to stop living. KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE has changed the whole method of treating this complaint. It contains all the natural digestive fluids and digests all you eat without aid from the stomach, so you can eat all the good food you want and be cured of your trouble at the same time.

"I have been troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia for several years and often sat down to eat but had to give it up after eating only two bites. I used two bottles of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE and am alright to-day. Can now eat anything I want. W. L. Easton, Audubon, Iowa."

It can't help but do you good

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

When you suffer from billousness or constipation, use the famous little liver pills known as **DeWitt's Little EARLY RISERS.** They never gripe.

PARRISH'S DRUG STORE.

Brazilian Balm Cures Asthma, Catarrh 50¢ — $1.00.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat. C. M. Parrish.

PROF. J. ANGEL AN EXPERT

Eye Specialist!

of Williamsport, will make his monthly visit here

TWO DAY ONLY,

Tuesday and Wednesday,

Oct. 21 & 22,

from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., with headquarters in

THE LARIMER BLDG.

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

Bellefonte, Pa.

I can examine your eyes at your home, by appointment, without extra charge.

Hundreds are going blind daily, from the need of the proper prescribed glasses and from delaying attention to the eyes from time to time. Nothing will destroy your eyesight quicker than cheap glasses or glasses not properly fitted to your eyes.

Prof. Angel, in the short time he has been visiting this section, has met with marked success. Scores of leading citizens of this community have found relief from his treatment. It is not necessary to travel to Eastern cities for treatment when you can consult an eminent oculist at home.

At State College,

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1902,

FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect May 25, 1902.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.50 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 9.45 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, arrive at Buffalo 7.35 a m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, arrive at Williamsport 2.48 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.22 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.42, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 25, 1902.

Westward.				Eastward.		
55	53	51		50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...	10 40	2 10	9 15
3 51	12 16	9 01	...Mill Hall...	10 22	2 04	9 09
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	1 54	8 58
4 06	12 29	9 15	...Eagleville...	10 08	1 51	8 55
4 14	12 38	9 24	...Howard...	9 59	1 43	8 46
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	1 38	8 40
4 25	12 48	9 34	...Curtin...	9 49	1 34	8 36
4 32	12 55	9 41	...Milesburg...	9 41	1 24	8 28
4 44	1 05	9 58	...Bellefonte...	9 32	1 05	8 16
4 53	1 14	10 01	...Milesburg...	9 18	1 24	8 08
4 56	1 27	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 22	8 05
5 03	1 28	10 11	...Unionville...	9 07	1 15	7 57
5 12	1 36	10 20	...Julian...	8 58	1 08	7 48
5 21	1 41	10 28	...Martha...	8 49	1 01	7 39
5 28	1 50	10 35	...Port Matilda...	8 42	12 55	7 32
5 35	1 56	10 41	...Hannah...	8 35	12 49	7 25
5 37	1 58	10 43	...Fowler...	8 33	12 47	7 23
5 40	2 00	10 45	...Dix...	8 30	12 45	7 20
5 46	2 06	10 51	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 39	7 14
5 50	2 10	11 55	...Vail...	8 20	12 35	7 10
5 54	2 14	11 59	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 31	7 06
6 00	2 20	11 05	...Tyrone...	8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD
Time table in effect May 25, 1902

NORTHWARD.					SOUTHWARD		
EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	D. EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
6 50	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 50	11 20	5 50
6 56	3 31	8 26	...East Ty ...	8 49	11 14	5 44
6 58		8 28	.....Tyrone.....		11 12	5 42
7 01	3 35	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 39
7 11	3 46	8 42	...Vansooyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 32
7 15	3 50	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 29
7 24	3 59	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant...	8 27	10 51	5 21
7 30	4 06	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 14
7 34	4 10	9 09	...Sandy Ridge...	8 14	10 38	5 10
7 36	4 12	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 07
7 38	4 14	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 05
7 48	4 24	9 21	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	4 57
			.Osceola Junct	7 57	10 20	4 52
7 54	4 28	9 26	..... Boynton	7 54	10 17	4 49
7 58	4 30	9 31	..... Steiners	7 50	10 13	4 45
8 02	4 35	9 40	...Phillipsburg...	7 48	10 12	4 40
8 06	4 45	9 45	.....Graham	7 42	10 07	4 35
8 11	4 50	9 50	... Blue Ball...	7 37	10 02	4 30
8 17	4 56	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 32	9 56	4 24
8 22	5 02	10 02	.....Bigler	7 26	9 50	4 17
8 28	5 08	10 08	....Woodland....	7 20	9 44	4 10
8 30	5 10	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 17	9 40	4 06
8 34	5 14	10 15	..... Barrett	7 13	9 36	4 01
8 38	5 18	10 20	.....Leonard.....	7 09	9 35	3 56
8 45	5 25	10 26	....Clearfield	7 06	9 28	3 50
8 50	5 32	10 32	....Riverview....	6 55	9 21	3 40
8 56	5 38	10 49	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 15	3 34
9 09	5 55	10 44	..Curwensville..	6 45	9 10	3 30
	6 01	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 40		3 15
	6 09	10 58	.....Stronach	6 34		3 09
	6 15	11 04	....Grampian	6 30		3 05
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 25, 1902

Westward.			Eastward	
p m	a m		a m	p m
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 50
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 42
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 31
2 05	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 24
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 18
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 28	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			June 23, 1902.		READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3			No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
†7 00	†6 50	†2 40	Bellefonte		10 10	9 30	8 10
7 11	7 01	2 51	Nigh		9 57	9 17	4 57
7 16	7 06	2 56	Zion		9 51	9 11	4 51
7 23	7 13	3 03	Hecla Park		9 45	9 05	4 45
7 25	7 15	3 05	Dunkles		9 42	9 02	4 43
7 29	7 19	3 09	Hublersburg		9 38	8 58	4 39
7 33	7 23	3 13	Snydertown		9 34	8 54	4 35
7 38	7 25	4 15	Nittany		9 31	8 51	4 32
7 37	7 27	3 17	Huston		9 28	8 48	4 29
7 41	7 31	3 21	Lamar		9 25	8 45	4 26
7 43	7 33	3 23	Clintondale		9 22	8 42	4 23
7 47	7 37	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		9 18	8 38	4 18
8 51	7 41	3 31	Mackeyville		9 13	8 33	4 13
8 57	7 47	3 37	Cedar Springs		9 07	8 27	4 07
8 00	7	3 40	Salona		9 05	8 25	4 05
8 25	7 55	3 45	Mill Hall		†9 00	†8 20	†4 00
			(NEW YORK CENT)				
			Jersey Shore			7 37	3 28
11 45	8 38		Arr WM'PORT Lve			†7 10	†2 50
12 20	9 10		Lve WM'PORT Arr				2 80
12 29	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY)				
			PHILA			12 01	†8 86
7 30	7 00		NEW YORK				4 00
10 40	10 50		(Via Phila)				
p.m			Ar.	Lv.	p.m.		a.m.

*Daily. † Week Days. $ 6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 31 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
College Accom.	Exp.			Mail.	Exp.	Ac
1†	†5	†2	Lv Ar	†2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m		p m	p m	m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	2 40	6 40	
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	2 25	6 30	
†6 38	†4 25	†10 42	Morris	†2 22	†6 27	
†6 43	†4 28	†10 47	Whitmer	†2 17	†6 23	
†6 46	†4 33	†10 53	Hunters	†2 10	†6 21	
†6 50	†4 36	†10 56	Filmore	†2 06	†6 18	
†6 55	†4 40	†11 02	Briarly	†2 00	†6 14	
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	1 55	6 10	
†7 03	†4 45	†11 08	Lambourn	†1 52	†6 07	
†7 12	†4 55	†11 20	Krumrine	†1 37	†5 52	
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	1 30	5 45	
†7 27	†5 05	†11 24	Struble	†1 34	†5 25	
†7 31	†5 10		Bloomsdor	†1 40	†5 20	
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	1 35	5 15	

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

"f" stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect May 25, 1902.

a m		STATIONS.	p m.
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 00
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

JOHN C. MILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—The many friends in Bellefonte of Judge Cyrus L. Gordon, of Clearfield, will be sorry to learn of his serious illness with typhold fever, and hope for his speedy recovery.

—The ladies of the Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church of Unionville, will serve hot supper in the church Saturday evening Oct. 11, for twenty cents.

—We have been requested by some of the ladies connected with the Bellefonte Chapter of the Daughters American Revolution to ask any of our citizens who have the national flag at their homes to display them during this week in honor of our patriotic visitors.

—Ex. Governor and Mrs. D. H. Hastings will hold a reception this evening in honor of the Daughters of the American Revolution who will assemble in Bellefonte this week, to which all the daughters and their husbands are expected and invited to attend.

—Ellis Stine has been appointed by Judge Love as constable in the west ward of the boro of Bellefonte to succeed Wm. Garis who resigned on account of moving to Williamsport. Mr. Stine is a good man for the position and no doubt his appointment will prove satisfactory to the people of his ward.

—"Shooting the Chutes" with all its novel features, presented by an exceedingly strong cast, featuring Caulfield and Ryan comedians of great merit, and possessing an original fund of humor, which is unexcelled by any other Irish comedians on the stage will play an engagement at the Garman Opera House Friday evening, October 10.

—A very pretty wedding was celebrated Monday evening at 10 o'clock at the home of R. C. Leathers as Mt. Eagle. The contracting parties were Elmer E. Spencer, of Pittsburg; and Ida Anderson, of Jamestown, N. Y. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Ira C. Moore. The bride and groom were tendered a serenade before leaving for their future home in Pittsburg.

—October, the month of changing leaves and Indian Summer, is now with us. Speaking of Indian Summer, the scientists of the weather bureau have relegated it to the myths, as they have the eqinoctial storm, and say that the beautiful dreamy, hazy days do not necessarily come at any particular season, but even occur in the Spring when certain conditions of the atmosphere exist.

—At the meeting of Council Monday night Councilman Kirk offered a resolution that the water be shut off from the steam heat works. Did this motion prevail? Well, hardly. Only two members in the Council voted for it. They were DR. KIRK and MR. GARRITY. The Doctor had an idea that he would close our schools, the churches and the hall of justice, besides inflicting incalculable suffering upon hundreds of our people. Great big, broad minded man is Dr. Kirk. West Ward must be proud of their representative.

—The Blanchard—Harris "Institute of learning" where the very choicest knowledge is imparted, has been compelled to move into more commodious quarters than it has been occupying, and is now located on the second story of the Centre County Bank Building. The faculty has been laboring under great disadvantages in not having sufficient room for all the modern appliances necessary for an institution of this character. We will no doubt hear of many new scholars applying for admission to this popular school.

Company B Ordered Out.

Captain Taylor received word Tuesday morning to have Company B in readiness to leave Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock for the anthracite coal regions. Tuesday morning's papers state that Governor Stone has ordered out the entire National Guard to protect any miners who may desire to return to work. We hope this will have the effect of ending the strike which is causing so much inconvenience and suffering to our people.

We will not hazard an opinion as to the merit of the claims either of the operators or miners, but hope the differences between them may be adjusted and the coal famine ended.

In this connection we wish to express and tender to Capt. Taylor our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in his being called upon to leave his wife and family at this particular time, for he is in deep sorrow and suspense caused by the critical condition of his wife's health, who was the subject of a severe and dangerous surgical operation on last Sunday and whose life, even now, hangs by a slender thread. He is placed in a trying position and we assure him that the hearts of our people go out to him in his distress. Our hope, yea, and our prayer is that God may spare the life of Mrs. Taylor, that her health may return, and she be restored to her husband and her dear little children, who so much need a mother's tender love and care.

THE COUNCIL MEETING.

Knisely Acts As President—Report of Boro Treasurer—Bills Amounted to $2258,54.

The councilmen were slow in arriving at the council chamber Monday night for the regular semi-monthly session of council. It was after 8 o'clock when a quorum was finally secured for the transaction of business. John Knisely was elected president protem of the meeting in the absence of Col. Reynolds. The other members present were Whittaker, Garrity, Kirk and Derstine.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and there being no corrections they stood approved.

Chairman Derstine of the Street committee reported repairing various streets and crossings in different parts of town.

Chairman Garrity of the Water committee reported among other things, the cleaning of the reservoir and Spring. Steam heat company have refused to sign Water contract.

The Fire and Police committee had nothing to report.

The boro treasurer Geo. R. Meek made the following report.

Receipts :—

Bal in Treasury Sept. 15, 1902	$198.07
Sept 19—H. S. Taylor	1000.00
" 30— " " 1902 boro tax	241.96
Oct. 6—Aud Gen. ½ Fire Ins. Co. Asso.	228 97
" 6—Thos. Shaughnessy mkt fees	7.03
" 6—Hugh S. Taylor, boro dup 1902.	5000.00
	$6,676.00

Disbursements :—

Water orders paid $433.62	
Boro orders paid 189.33	622.95
Balance in Treasury	$6,053.05

The question of the Bellefonte Steam Heat Company refusing to sign their water contract was then taken up. Dr. Kirk made a motion that the water be shut off from the Steam heat company. This motion produced considerable discussion. Messrs. Knisely, Derstine and Whittaker were opposed to shutting off the water from the steam heat people under the present stringency in the coal market. There was no second to Dr. Kirk's motion. Finally Mr. Derstine moved that the Steam heat company be furnished the water under the old contract price at which they were furnished last year. Mr. Whittaker seconded this motion and the ayes and nays were called for resulting ayes, Derstine, Knisely and Whittaker and nays, Garrity and Kirk. The motion therefore carried.

The repairs to the reservoir are about completed with the exception of a coping around the stone wall. Some thought the coping should be of stone while others thought cement would do as well. No action was taken.

The bids for building a wall along Water street which were held over from last meeting night were again taken up and read. Bids were read from John Noll, Conrad Miller, James McCafferty and G. E. Haupt. There seemed to be no disposition on the part of council to accept any of the bids so they were laid on the table.

A grade was granted to Oscar Wetzel to build a stone pavement along his property on Reynolds Avenue.

The Catholic church asked permission to tap the main water pipe on Bishop street. Referred to Water committee with power to act.

The bond of Samuel Ryan the water collector, in the sum of $1200.00 was offered and approved. The Fidelity and Guaranty Trust Company, of Maryland, are his bondsmen.

Mr. Whittaker read a report of a conference of conferees from the Undine and Logan Fire Companies at which George Cunningham was elected Fire Marshall; Wm. Beezer, 1st Assistant; John Lambert, 2nd Assistant. These selections were approved by council.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid :

A. Allison, pipe and fittings	$ 8.85
Street pay roll	95.64
Ardell Lumber Co	12.16
W. C. Cassidy, printing	3.00
R. B. Taylor, coal for W. W	178.01
Water Pay Roll	185.52
Ardell Lumber Co	45.98
Police Pay Roll	70.25
Bellef't Fuel & Sup Co,	23.43
Bfte. Electric Co	1.70
" " " light for Sept	372.15
" " " " lockup	12.00
F. W. Crider, payment on Pub. bldg	293.35
H. B. Pontius, water dup etc	20.70
Centre Democrat, printing	19.75
E. K. Rhoads, sand for W. W	7.94
Fabric Fire Hose	300.00
Jenkins & Lingle, boiler for W. W	679.00
C. A. Turner, pipe for W.W	27.55
Harry Keller, Ryan's bond	10.00
T. Shaughnessy, market clerk	1.50
	$2258,54

To the Charitably Inclined.

The Bellefonte hospital is sadly in need of such articles as jellies, jams, grape juice and such delicacies as the sick require.

There is scarcely a family in town who could not give something of the kind and it would be highly appreciated.

We have been requested to announce that if persons having grapes will send them with the sugar necessary and bottles with corks, to Mrs. Catharine Humes on Spring street, Mrs. Humes will make the grape juice and send it to the hospital. This is a generous offer on the part of that lady and shows a kind Christian spirit. We hope those who have grapes will answer this appeal.

FRANK BECKWITH SENTENCED.

Nine Years in the Penitentiary and One Dollar Fine for Murdering His Wife.

The regular term of Argument court convened Tuesday morning, Hon. John G. Love presiding.

The first business transacted was imposing sentence on Frank Beckwith who was convicted at the last term of court for murder in the second degree.

Before passing sentence Judge Love listened to arguments by C. M. Bower and W. E. Gray, who also presented petitions signed by several hundred persons asking the clemency of the Court.

J. C. Meyer replied, in behalf of the Commonwealth, asking that the full penalty of the law be imposed upon the prisoner, after which Beckwith was commanded to stand up, when Judge Love sentenced him to confinement in the Western Penitentiary for nine years, one dollar fine and costs of prosecution.

Beckwith did not show any signs of his realization of the trying ordeal he was undergoing, but after it was over his face lighted up with a smile as if he was more than satisfied.

With the allowance for good behavior, his imprisonment will not exceed six years and a half.

Miss Frazer, State Regent of the D. A. R. In Town.

Miss Susan Carpenter Frazer, State Regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution, whose home is in Lancaster, Pa., was an arrival in Bellefonte Monday evening to attend the D. A. R. Conference which opens tomorrow, and has her headquarters at the Bush House. Miss Frazer is a lady of refinement, culture and education, a fine parlimentarian and an admirable presiding officer, and was elected to this honorable and responsible position on account of the above qualifications. We also learned that she is a woman of remarkable business acumen. She related to some friends Monday evening that she had bought twenty tons of hard coal last summer which was stored in her cellar for this winter's use, but that a short time ago the autocrat of her culinary department was taken suddenly and seriously ill and it became necessary to close her house and take up quarters at a hotel for the winter. She saw a chance for a little "speck" in her stock of coal so advertised in the newspapers that she had twenty tons of anthracite coal to sell to the highest bidder, and on Monday morning before many of her neighbors had arisen from their downy couches she had sold it for $15.00 per ton, and by dinner time the coal was out of her cellar and she had the money in her pocket, clearing by the transaction the neat little sum of $200.

Announcements.

We wish to advise our many friends and customers that we have completed our new greenhouse at 107 Willowbank street and will have it stocked with the best of everything in our line and will have an unlimited quantity of American Beauties, Bride, Bridemaids, Meteors, Liberty, Golden Gates, and Ivory Roses, also all varieties of fancy and Standard carnations, including all the newest varieties; Wild Smilax, Asparagus Plumage, Asparagus Spengesi, Adiantuns, Smilax and fancy ferns. From this date on we will have a full supply of fresh cut flowers in stock at lowest prices, including roses, carnations, asters, chrysanthmums. Orders by mail will receive prompt Attention, we will be in position to do all kind of Designs and Decorative work, call and see our large stock of palms, ferns, etc., we will be pleased to show you. If there is anything you need in our line and the other fellow cannot supply it, write, telephone or telegraph TEAMAN, as we can certainly fill your orders satisfactorily.

Bell and Commercial Phones.

E. J. TEAMAN, Florist.
Bellefonte, Pa.

After Moonshiners.

County Detective J. W. Rightnour, of this place, is about to put the finishing touches on a clever piece of detective work for the Clinton county authorities. It was discovered that parties were manufacturing whiskey and selling it in Clinton county without license. Detective Rightnour was called into the case and finally succeeded in locating a gang of moonshiners in the Allegheny Mountains back of the Scootac region. Wednesday morning accompanied by Officer Harry Miller he left for Clinton county prepared to make the necessary arrests.

There is quite a gang of moonshiners operating at this point.

Cook—Bechdel.

Miss Dorothy Bechdel and Charles W. Cook were married at the home of the bride in Eagleville Thursday evening by Rev. M. C. Frick, pastor of the Disciple church. Only a few intimate friends and relatives witnessed the ceremony. The bride is an estimable young lady and well known school teacher. Mr. Cook is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Cook of Beech Creek township and an energetic young business man. They left on the evening train for a wedding trip to Harrisburg, York and other cities in the eastern part of the state. Mr. and Mrs. Cook will be at home in Blanchard after October 14.

—There are men who have such exalted opinions of themselves that they think they are privy counsellors to the Lord.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Harry T. Brew, of Pittsburg, is visiting friends in this place.

Mrs. J. A. Aikens is transacting business in New York City.

Mrs. Clement Dale left Saturday for Philadelphia to visit relatives.

Thomas Norris Wynn, of Beech Creek, was the guest of Bellefonte friends over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Harter spent Sunday with Mr. Harter's mother at Aaronsburg.

Mr. Robert A. Cassidy Ex-mayor of Canton, Ohio, is visiting relatives in Bellefonte.

Miss Mayne Haupt of Altoona is visiting her friend Miss Mary A. C. Judge on Thomas street.

Frank Shugert left Monday afternoon for Williamsport where he will transact business for a few days.

William Jodon departed Saturday night for a weeks visit to friends in Snow Shoe and Clearfield.

George D. Bayard, who is managing a large Drug Store at North Bend attended the Fair on Thursday.

Miss Bertha Myers, of Lock Haven; and Miss Lingle, of Milesburg; were Bellefonte visitors Monday.

Frank T. Kerns, the manager of the Bellefonte Steam Laundry, spent Sunday at his home in Millheim.

Miss Annie Cleaver has just returned from a pleasant two weeks vacation spent with friends in Philadelphia.

Joseph Shaughnessy, who is working at the painter's trade in Altoona, spent Sunday at his home in this place.

William T. Hall, of Milesburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday. During the day he was a pleasant caller at this office.

W. J. Carlin, of Rebersburg, democratic candidate for treasurer, was in town Monday looking after his political fences.

Mr. John Haupt of Altoona left for his home Friday after a short visit at the home of Mrs. Lizzie Brown on Logan street.

Mr. and Mrs. William T. Hunt departed Monday for their home in Renovo after a pleasant visit with relatives in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Malin, of Baltimore, Md., spent Sunday in Bellefonte with Mr. Malin's brother, W. L. Malin, of East Howard street.

Mrs. John M. Dale and two children, Jack and Virginia, returned home Saturday evening from an extended visit to friends in Richmond, Va.

Miss Anna Judge of Tyrone who has been a guest for the last few days at the residence of Mr. Dominick Judge returned to her home Friday.

Mrs. Louis Wetzel and little son, Calvin, of Philipsburg, are visiting Mrs. Wetzel's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gerberich, of North Thomas street.

Peter Collins departed Monday for his home in Philadelphia after an enjoyable visit with his sister, Miss Sarah Collins, at the latter's home near town.

Clement Dale and Jas. B. Miller were in Port Matilda Friday afternoon on legal business but arrived just a little too late to see the shooting between the officers and gypsies.

Mrs. Maines, of Clearfield, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ellie McGarvey, of this place. Mrs. McGarvey, we are sorry to state, is confined to her bed with an attack of illness.

Mrs. Meyers and Mrs. Anthony, of Lock Haven; and Mrs. Coffey and Mrs. J. L. Ripka, of Mill Hall, were guests last week at the home of James A. Ott on East High street.

Mrs. Martha G. Cadwell of Huntingdon, who has been spending several days at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warfield on Linn street, returned home Monday afternoon.

Capt. Ira Rhinehart, of Montgomery, Ill., spent Sunday with friends in Bellefonte. He is an old Bellefonte boy and during the Civil war served in Co. H, 148th Pennsylvania volunteers.

Miss Una Balieu, of Colorado, who has been spending the summer at Mrs. Louisa Harris' on Allegheny street left Monday morning for Philadelphia where she expects to attend a school for young ladies.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Eldredge departed Monday morning for their home in Cape May City, N. J. They have been visiting for several weeks at the home of Mrs. Eldredge's parents, Dr. and Mrs William Laurie.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Holter and their nephew Geo. Holter of Howard, attended the Centre County Fair here Friday. Mr. Holter is in the mercantile business at Howard and is a progressive and enterprising citizen.

Messrs. S. E. Emerick, a merchant and coal dealer, Mat Shaddack, Fred Mosbarger, the pleasant hotel keeper, all of Karthaus, and Bernard Beezer of Snow Shoe, were a jolly crowd of fellows who attended the Fair on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Smith arrived in Bellefonte Saturday from St. Johnsbury, Vermont. They will visit their relatives the Johnson's in this vicinity for a short time after which they will go to Altoona where they will make their future home.

Dr. Thomas Tobin of Tyrone attended the Fair.

P. P. Kling, of Altoona, attended the fair last week.

I. N. Gordon of Scranton, Pa,, is visiting in Bellefonte.

Mr. Will Harvey, of Lock Haven, attended the fair.

Oscar Kling, of Marion township, attended the fair here Thursday,

Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Kelley, of Snow Shoe, attended the fair.

Frank Ripka and Morris Burkholder, of Centre Hill, attended the fair on Thursday

T. B. Buddinger, the well known merchant of Snow Shoe, was in town Tuesday.

Robert Burns, of the State College *Times*, was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday night.

L. R. Leister, proprietor of the Leister House Huntingdon Pa., is in Bellefonte this week.

Dr. H. K. Hoy, of Altoona, visited friends at State College and Bellefonte this week.

Harry McCoy, express driver at Punxsutawney, is visiting his parents in Bellefonte.

Robert Bennison, of Marion township, took in the big Centre County Fair, Thursday.

Judge James A. Beaver was a passenger going west on the 4:44 train on Wednesday evening.

Captain Hilts, and Swartz of the Salvation Army left on Thursday for Ontario, Canada, and New York.

Misses Lyde Blake and Nell Zerby, of Lock Haven, are guests of the Misses McEntires on Thomas street.

Frank McCoy, of Potter's Mills, and Samuel McCoy, of Jersey Shore, attended the fair here last week.

Mr. Frank McFarland the progressive farmer of Harris Township is spending a few days visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. William Hepburn and little daughter Floretta of Jersey Shore are visitors at the home of William P. Humes, Esq.

Charles E. Dorworth, of the Pittsburg *Times*, was in Bellefonte Thursday reporting the Pennypacker meeting for his paper.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller and little son, of Lock Haven, are guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. Corney Blair of Willowbank street.

Miss Caroline H. McClure, of Lewisburg, is being entertained at the home of William P. and Myra Humes on North Allegheny street.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Rowe and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fravel of Philipsburg were visitors in Bellefonte Thursday to take in the sights at the fair.

Misses Dora Condo and Sallie Strayer representatives of Lock Haven society are spending a few days in Bellefonte viewing our beautiful town.

Harry E. Johnston, who is in the employ of the Pennsylvania R. R. Co., as electrician located at Pittsburg, is visiting his mother Mrs. Mary. A. Johnston.

E. R. Chambers Esq., departed Wednesday afternoon on a business trip to Smethport, DuBois, Kane Summit, Bradford, Warren, Corry, Titusville, Meadville and Erie.

Col. James F. Weaver, of Milesburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Tuesday. He was on his way to Centre Hall to settle up some business pertaining to the recent Granger's picnic.

Mrs. Dr. Getz and Miss Phoebe Kennedy of Tarrentum after a short visit in Tyrone arrived at Bellefonte Wednesday night and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John P. Harris on Linn street.

Miss Margaret Sechler, who has been visiting her parents; Mr. and Mrs. Hammond Sechler for the past few weeks, left Wednesday for Baltimore, Md., to resume her duties as a trained nurse.

William Waddle, paymaster for the Bellefonte Furnace Company, departed Monday for Blairsville Intersection, to look up 25 car load of coke which the company purchased but which so far has failed to materialize.

Clarence Daley, of Oak Grove, passed through Bellefonte Wednesday on his way to join the Fifth regiment, for duty in the coal region, of which he is Quartermaster Sergeant. Mr. Daley is a son of John A. Daley, of Romola.

Edgar Burnside left on Wednesday for Chicago to assume the management of the Standard Scale and Supply Co's affairs in the Windy City. We congratulate Edgar on his good fortune in securing this desirable and responsible position. And we also congratulate the Standard Scale Co. in acquiring the services of such a competent and reliable gentleman to look after their interests.

Post Commander Amos Garbrick, Adjutant S. B. Miller, Charles Glenn, Lafayette Mulholland, James Whittaker, Andrew Lucas, Al Roberts, Chas. Eckenroth, Colonel Amos Mullen and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur T. Twitmire, all of Bellefonte; John A. Daley and daughter, of Romola; Harry Zimmerman, of Pleasant Gap; Isaiah Zimmerman, of Kansas; Daniel Stine, D. B. Stine and James Knox, of Fillmore, were among the Centre County people who left Monday for Washington, D. C., to attend the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

J. Will Mayes, of Howard, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Mrs. E. Tyson, of Philipsburg, is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Magoffin, of Boalsburg, spent a few hours in town Tuesday.

T. A. Ardell, of Beaver Mills, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Postmaster and Mrs. Hayes Schenck, of Howard, were fair visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Berry, of Abdera, were in town Thursday attending the fair.

Mrs. B. C. Achenbach of Lock Haven, was in town last week to attend the Fair.

D. W. Holt and Joseph Peters, of Philipsburg, were Bellefonte visitors on Thursday.

Gerson Herman, one of Philipsburg's prominent business men spent Thursday in Bellefonte.

Miss Mittie Lucas, of Howard, was the guest Monday of Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Conley, of this city.

Miss Elizabeth Smith, of Bishop street, left Tuesday for a short visit with friends in Lock Haven.

Miss Mollie Goldstein of Lock Haven, is a guest at the home of Mr. Abram Baum on Bishop street.

Mrs. J. Will Conley departed Tuesday for Johnstown where she will spend several days visiting friends.

John N. Kuhn, one of Centre Hall's well known citizens, was a pleasant caller at this office while in town attending the fair Thursday.

Mrs. W. L. Sample after a very pleasant visit at the home of her sister Mrs. John Walsh, has returned to her home at Jersey Shore.

Charley Waple, proprietor of the Central Hotel at Tyrone, and an all around horseman attended the Fair in Bellefonte last week.

Mrs. George B. Klump and her little son, George, Jr., arrived home Tuesday after an absence of several weeks visiting friends in Williamsport.

Rand Hoy laid aside his books and discontinued his studies at State College long enough to run down to Bellefonte and take in the fair for one day.

William Dezendorf, of Derry, Pa., visited friends in this place last week. Mrs. Dezendorf and son, Malcolm, have been spending the summer here.

Miss Agnes McCalmont, of Cincinnati, Ohio, arrived in town Thursday to spend the winter with her cousin, Miss Jane McCalmont, of North Thomas street.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Davis and little child have returned to their home in Philipsburg after a pleasant visit with friends in Bellefonte and Milesburg.

Mrs. George Van Dyke and little daughter have returned to their home in Altoona, after an enjoyable visit with friends at Bellefonte and State College.

William H. Garman left Sunday afternoon for Boston, Mass., where he will attend the convention of the Brotherhood of St Andrew as a delegate from this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Walker, Miss Jane McCalmont, Mrs. M. I. Gardner and Mrs. W. I. Singer were among the Bellefonters who attended the funeral of Mrs. Martin Reese at Howard Tuesday.

Thomas Shaughnessy Jr., who has been spending the summer months with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Shaughnessy Sr., in Bellefonte, returned to his work in Manington, West Virginia.

Mr. A. M. Brown an extensive farmer and Lumber dealer of Pennsylvania Furnace was in town Friday to take in the fair. Mr. Brown is well known here and is a "bang up" good fellow and we observe he has been holding on to the rope!

Mrs. George B. Jack formerly of Boalsburg, with her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Armstrong, and Mrs. Armstrong's two little children, George and Joseph all of whom now reside at Rushville, Nebraska, are visiting the home of Mrs. Mary A. Johnston on Linn street.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shreyer of Chicago are visiting the home of Mrs. John Harper on Linn Street. They are accompanied by their niece Mrs. Modder, wife of Dr. Modder of the same city. All the above were former residents of Bellefonte and have many friends here.

Mrs. J. D. Campbell of Philadelphia, wife of Hon. J. D. Campbell General Solicitor for the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad and Mrs. P. M. Lytle of Huntingdon wife of Hon. P. M. Lytle Surveyor of the Port of Philadelphia are visiting the home of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Kurtz.

Mr. Alfred A. Hays who at one time was a resident of Bellefonte but whose home is now in Clark Co. Mo., reached this place Monday night having made the long journey to be present at the marriage ceremony of his daughter Miss Blanche Hays to Dr. H. M. Hiller which event will occur on Thursday evening Oct 16th. Mr. Hays was born in Bellefonte and his early life was spent at this place, he is therefore acquainted with our older citizens, and Tuesday when we saw him, he was holding a reminiscent seance with Col. Geo. Bayard and Henry P. Harris. We were not invited to join them; which we regret, for we are confident we would have learned some very interesting ancient history. Nothwithstanding his advanced age he is hale and hearty evidencing that old father time has indeed been kind and dealt leniently with him.